## DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

Question Booklet No.

710006

Invigilator's signature

2018

PGT—PAPER-I: AGRICULTURE

Time: 2 Hours

ROLL NO. Maximum Marks: 100

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. This Question Booklet contains 50 optional questions. Each question comprises four responses (answers). You will select ONLY ONE response which you consider the best and darken the bubble on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
- 2. DO NOT write your Name or anything else except Roll No. and the actual answers to the question, anywhere on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
- 3. DO NOT handle your OMR RESPONSE SHEET in such a manner as to mutilate, fold, etc.
- 4. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination Hall 20 minutes after commencement of distribution of the Test Booklet. The invigilator of the Examination Hall will be the time-keeper and his decision in this regard is final.
- 5. No candidate shall have in his/her possession inside the Examination Hall any book, notebook or loose paper, calculator, mobile phone, etc., except his/her admit card and other things/paper permitted by the Commission.
- **6.** Immediately after the final bell indicating the closure of the examination, stop bubbling. Be seated till the OMR RESPONSE SHEET is collected by the invigilator, thereafter you may leave the Examination Hall.
- 7. Violation of any of the above rules will render the candidate liable to expulsion from the examination and disqualification from the examination, and according to the nature and gravity of his/her offence, he/she may be debarred from future examinations and interviews to be conducted by the Commission and other such organizations (i.e., UPSC, SSC and SPSCs).

NB: CANDIDATES ARE ALLOWED TO TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET ONLY AFTER COMPLETION OF 2 (TWO) HOURS OF EXAMINATION TIME.

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- 1. Which of the following is a pre-requisite of successful intercropping?
  - (A) The time of peak nutrient demands of component crops should not overlap
  - (B) Competition for light should be minimum among the component crops
  - (C) Component crops should complement each other
  - (D) All of the above
- 2. Drought proofing means
  - (A) preventing drought
  - (B) management strategy to reduce severity of drought
  - (C) destroying crops when drought occurs
  - (D) All of the above
- 3. Which of the following microorganisms is responsible for maximum nutrient cycling in the soil?
  - (A) Fungi
  - (B) Bacteria
  - (C) Algae
  - (D) Protozoa
- 4. Which of the following is a parasitic weed of mustard?
  - (A) Cuscuta
  - (B) Orobanche
  - (C) Striga
  - (D) All of the above

- 5. Superiority of hybrid to the standard commercial check variety is called
  - (A) average heterosis
  - (B) heterobeltiosis
  - (C) economic heterosis
  - (D) luxuriance
- 6. The high-yielding rust-resistant wheat variety 'Kalyan Sona' became susceptible to rust some years after its release due to
  - (A) climate change
  - (B) mutation of the variety
  - (C) emergence of new races of the pathogen
  - (D) None of the above
- 7. Irrigation water of 1 ha-cm is equal to
  - (A) 1000 litres
  - (B) 10000 litres
  - (C) 100000 litres
  - (D) 1000000 litres
- 8. Which one of the following crops is known as vegetable meat?
  - (A) Okra
  - (B) Cowpea
  - (C) Potato
  - (D) Tomato
- 9. In light phase of photosynthesis, there is formation of
  - (A) ATP only
  - (B) NADPH2 only
  - (C) both ATP and NADPH2
  - (D) None of the above

- 10. Primary colours used in extension are
  - (A) red, blue, green
  - (B) red, blue, purple
  - (C) red, green, yellow
  - (D) red, blue, yellow
- 11. An ingredient added to herbicide formulation to improve the herbicidal activity is known as
  - (A) antidote
  - (B) filler
  - (C) adjuvant
  - (D) adsorbent
- 12. Which of the following is a weather forecasting method?
  - (A) Statistical method
  - (B) Satellite forecasting
  - (C) Synoptic method
  - (D) All of the above
- 13. Which of the following nitrogenous fertilizer productions is the highest in India?
  - (A) Ammonium sulphate
  - (B) CAN
  - (C) Ammonium phosphate
  - (D) Urea
- 14. Which one of the following is used for coating urea ?
  - (A) Neem
  - (B) Mustard
  - (C) Sunflower
  - (D) Safflower
- 15. Which one of the following categories of seed is expected to buy by the farmers every year?
  - (A) Variety
  - (B) Hybrid
  - (C) Synthetic
  - (D) Composite

- 16. *Rhizoctonia solani* causes a tuber-borne disease of potato, called
  - (A) black scurf
  - (B) charcoal rot
  - (C) common scab
  - (D) powdery scab
- 17. Which among the following irrigation scheduling approaches is most convenient for the farmers of Arunachal Pradesh?
  - (A) IW/CPE approach
  - (B) Soil moisture depletion approach
  - (C) Combination approach
  - (D) Critical stage approach
- 18. Gerbera belongs to family
  - (A) Asteraceae
  - (B) Malvaceae
  - (C) Convolvulaceae
  - (D) Solanaceae
- 19. Every molecule of CO<sub>2</sub> fixed by the Calvin-Benson cycle into carbohydrates requires
  - (A) 3 ATP and 2 NADPH
  - (B) 2 ATP and 6 NADPH
  - (C) 6 ATP and 9 NADPH
  - (D) 9 ATP and 9 NADPH
- 20. Which of the following gives specific information on a particular topic ?
  - (A) Leaflet
  - (B) Folder
  - (C) Story
  - (D) Newsletter
- 21. Which of the following countries is pioneer in hybrid rice?
  - (A) India
  - (B) China
  - (C) Bangladesh
  - (D) Australia

- 22. The instrument used to measure solar radiation is
  - (A) barometer
  - (B) hydrometer
  - (C) pyranometer
  - (D) thermometer
- 23. Arrangement of soil particles is called
  - (A) soil structure
  - (B) soil texture
  - (C) soil organization
  - (D) All of the above
- 24. Which among the following cereals is called as king of cereals?
  - (A) Rice
  - (B) Wheat
  - (C) Maize
  - (D) Sorghum
- 25. In backcross breeding, the parent contributing valuable gene(s) for removing the bottleneck of an adopted variety is called
  - (A) recurrent parent
  - (B) non-recurrent parent
  - (C) recessive parent
  - (D) recipient parent
- 26. Black heart of potato is caused by
  - (A) copper deficiency
  - (B) boron deficiency
  - (C) potash deficiency
  - (D) oxygen deficiency
- 27. Whenever one irrigation is available, wheat crop should be irrigated at
  - (A) crown root initiation
  - (B) tillering
  - (C) jointing
  - (D) flowering
- 28. Most suitable crop for preventing scurvy is
  - (A) apple
  - (B) pear
  - (C) banana
  - (D) aonla

- 29. The first food substance in plants synthesised in photosynthesis is
  - (A) protein
  - (B) fat
  - (C) sugar
  - (D) vitamin
- 30. Which of the following marketing intermediaries is closest to the consumer in a marketing channel of paddy?
  - (A) Farmer
  - (B) Rice miller
  - (C) Wholesaler
  - (D) Retailer
- 31. Which of the following is an example of multistoried cropping?
  - (A) Toria + Wheat
  - (B) Coconut + Black pepper + Cocoa + Pineapple
  - (C) Toria + Oat
  - (D) All of the above
- 32. The most effective absorber of ultraviolet radiation is
  - (A)  $O_2$
  - (B)  $O_3$
  - (C)  $N_2$
  - (D) Cl<sub>2</sub>
- 33. The inherent capacity of the soil to supply nutrients to plants is called
  - (A) soil productivity
  - (B) soil nutrient
  - (C) soil fertility
  - (D) None of the above
- 34. In case of typical monohybrid cross, the genotypic ratio in  $F_2$  is
  - (A) 1:1
  - (B) 1:2:1
  - (C) 3:1
  - (D) 2:1

- 35. Hopper burn is caused by the attack of
  - (A) grasshopper
  - (B) brown plant hopper
  - (C) both grasshopper and brown plant hopper
  - (D) None of the above
- 36. Which of the following retards ageing of plants?
  - (A) Auxin
  - (B) Abscisic acid
  - (C) Cytokinin
  - (D) Auxin
- 37. Major source of water used by the plant is
  - (A) capillary water
  - (B) gravitational water
  - (C) hygroscopic water
  - (D) All of the above
- 38. Removal of male bud of banana is called
  - (A) decharring
  - (B) charring
  - (C) denovelling
  - (D) novelling
- 39. Movement of auxin in aerial part of plant is
  - (A) acropetal
  - (B) basipetal
  - (C) both acropetal and basipetal
  - (D) None of the above
- 40. When MPP = 0
  - (A) TPP declines
  - (B) TPP is maximum
  - (C) APP is maximum
  - (D) None of the above

- 41. Beushening in rice is
  - (A) method of sowing
  - (B) method of harvesting
  - (C) ploughing just before transplanting
  - (D) ploughing in 4-6 weeks old lowland rice in standing water
- 42. Which of the following is a rainwater harvesting technique?
  - (A) Deep tillage
  - (B) Retention ditch
  - (C) Planting pit
  - (D) All of the above
- 43. The male flower initiation stage of maize is known as
  - (A) silking
  - (B) tasseling
  - (C) flower initiation
  - (D) panicle initiation
- 44. A system of planting that accommodates an additional tree in the centre of each square is called
  - (A) quincunx
  - (B) triangular
  - (C) hexagonal
  - (D) square
- 45. Which among the following cereals is largely used in malting and brewing industries?
  - (A) Rice
  - (B) Wheat
  - (C) Barley
  - (D) Oat
- 46. Which of the following classes of seeds is tagged with golden brown colour tag?
  - (A) Breeder
  - (B) Foundation
  - (C) Certified
  - (D) Both (B) and (C)

- 47. If WR, ER, S and U are water requirement of crops, effective rainfall, soil profile contribution and upward flux respectively, irrigation requirement is equal to
  - (A) WR + ER (S + U)
  - (B) WR + S (ER + U)
  - (C) WR (ER + S + U)
  - (D) WR + ER + S + U
- 48. Which one of the following is a pest of field as well as of storage?
  - (A) Rice stem borer
  - (B) Rice moth
  - (C) Sweet potato weevil
  - (D) Wheat flour beetle

- 49. The process in which water is split during photosynthesis is
  - (A) photolysis
  - (B) plasmolysis
  - (C) hydrolysis
  - (D) hemolysis
- 50. The role of extension education in agricultural development is largely
  - (A) supervisory
  - (B) authoritative
  - (C) catalytic
  - (D) administrative