DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

Question Booklet No.

100139

Invigilator's signature

2019

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Time:	1½ Hours	Maximum Marks: 100
ROLL	NO.	

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- This Question Booklet contains 100 optional questions. Each question comprises four responses (answers). You will select ONLY ONE response which you consider the best correct and darken the bubble on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
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- 5. No candidate shall have in his / her possession inside the Examination Hall any book, notebook or loose paper, calculator, mobile phone, etc., except his / her Admit Card and other papers permitted by the Commission.
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 - NB: CANDIDATES ARE ALLOWED TO TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET ONLY AFTER COMPLETION OF 1½ (ONE AND HALF) HOURS OF EXAMINATION TIME.

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EO-2019/4

- 1. Which of the following do not belong to solar system?
 - (A) Asteroids
 - (B) Comets
 - (C) Planets
 - (D) Nebulae
- 2. During solar eclipse
 - (A) the earth comes in between the sun and the moon
 - (B) the moon comes in between the sun and the earth
 - (C) the moon comes exactly halfway between the earth and the sun
 - (D) the sun comes in between the earth and the moon
- 3. Which one of the following Indian States does not have a common International Boarder with Bangladesh?
 - (A) Manipur
 - (B) West Bengal
 - (C) Tripura
 - (D) Assam
- 4. Which country has the largest coastline?
 - (A) USA
 - (B) Australia
 - (C) Canada
 - (D) India

- 5. Where is the port of East London located?
 - (A) England
 - (B) Ireland
 - (C) East Coast of USA
 - (D) South Africa
- 6. Tsunamis are produced by
 - (A) shrinking of the earth's crust
 - (B) cyclones
 - (C) submarine earthquakes
 - (D) tides
- 7. The sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh as compared to Gujarat in the west but the watches show the same time. How does it happen?
 - (A) Same latitudes
 - (B) Same longitudes
 - (C) Single time zone
 - (D) All of the above
- 8. Indian Standard Time refers to the local time of which one of the following places in India?
 - (A) Allahabad
 - (B) Bhopal
 - (C) Delhi
 - (D) Lucknow
- 9. The Tropic of Cancer passes through which one of the following?
 - (A) Assam
 - (B) Manipur
 - (C) Mizoram
 - (D) Nagaland

- 10. Which one of the following Indian States does *not* share border with Bhutan?
 - (A) Sikkim
 - (B) Meghalaya
 - (C) West Bengal
 - (D) Arunachal Pradesh
- 11. Where is the Central Water and Power Research Station located?
 - (A) Khadakwasla
 - (B) Sileru
 - (C) Jamnagar
 - (D) Srisailam
- 12. Which one of the following legislations does not deal with the protection of environment?
 - (A) The Water (Cess) Act, 1977
 - (B) The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
 - (C) The Public Liability Insurance Act. 1991
 - (D) The Port Laws Amendment Act, 1997
- 13. Which one of the following places is **not** located on the banks of river Ganga?
 - (A) Uttarkashi
 - (B) Kanpur
 - (C) Fatehpur
 - (D) Bhagalpur

- 14. Consider the following States:
 - Arunachal Pradesh
 - II. Himachal Pradesh
 - III. Mizoram

In which of the above States do 'tropical wet evergreen forests' occur?

- (A) Only I
- (B) II and III
- (C) land III
- (D) I, II and III
- 15. Bamboo flowering is known to be associated with a subsequent famine. Which of the following is caused by bamboo flowering?
 - (A) Rainfall decreases
 - (B) Pest and insects increase
 - (C) Land becomes infertile
 - (D) Population of rats increases
- 16. In which one among the following States is the percentage of Scheduled Tribes population highest to its total population?
 - (A) Chhattisgarh
 - (B) Madhya Pradesh
 - (C) Mizoram
 - (D) Rajasthan
- 17. Soil erosion is more when
 - (A) rainfall is high
 - (B) there is no rainfall
 - (C) rainfall is low
 - (D) None of the above

- 18. Which one of the following places is famous for production of railway coaches?
 - (A) Nasik
 - (B) Kapurthala
 - (C) Kanpur
 - (D) Kochi
- 19. Which one of the following is not a form of stored energy?
 - (A) Nuclear energy
 - (B) Potential energy
 - (C) Electrical energy
 - (D) Chemical energy
- 20. Ganga is navigable between
 - (A) Hridwar and Kanpur
 - (B) Allahabad and Varanasi
 - (C) Patna and Kolkata
 - (D) Allahabad and Haldia
- 21. With which one of the following mountain tribes did the British first come into contact with after the grant of Diwani in the year 1765?
 - (A) Garos
 - (B) Khasis
 - (C) Kukis
 - (D) Tipperrahs
- 22. Who among the following tribes lives in the Union Territory of Andaman and Nicobar Islands?
 - (A) Apatani
 - (B) Jarawa
 - (C) Munda
 - (D) Santhal

- 23. Which of the following gases has the greatest impact on global climate change?
 - (A) Ozone
 - (B) Nitrous oxide
 - (C) Carbon dioxide
 - (D) Nitrogen
- 24. Which one of the following National Parks has a climate that varies from torpical to subtropical temperate and arctic?
 - (A) Khangchendzonga National Park
 - (B) Nandadevi National Park
 - (C) Neora Valley National Park
 - (D) Namdapha National Park
- 25. The design of the National Flag was adopted by the Constituent Assembly of India in
 - (A) July, 1948
 - (B) July, 1950
 - (C) July, 1947
 - (D) August, 1947
- 26. Which one of the following Acts provided for a federal form of Government for India?
 - (A) Indian Council Act, 1909
 - (B) Government of India Act, 1935
 - (C) Government of India Act, 1919
 - (D) Indian Independence Act, 1947

- 27. The First Session of the Constituent Assembly was held in
 - (A) New Delhi
 - (B) Bombay
 - (C) Calcutta
 - (D) Lahore
- 28. In a Presidential Government
 - (A) the President is responsible to the Legislature
 - (B) the Cabinet is collectively responsible to the Lower House of Legislature
 - (C) the Cabinet is responsible to both Houses of Legislature
 - (D) the President is responsible to the people
- 29. Which one of the following Rights was described by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar as the heart and soul of the Constitution?
 - (A) Right to freedom of religion
 - (B) Right to property
 - (C) Right to equality
 - (D) Right to constitutional remedies
- 30. Which one of the following Schedules of the Indian Constitution lists the names of States and specifies their territories?
 - (A) First
 - (B) Second
 - (C) Third
 - (D) Fourth

- **31.** When citizenship *cannot* be terminated?
 - (A) When there is an emergency
 - (B) When there is a war
 - (C) When there are elections
 - (D) It can be terminated regardless of the conditions
- 32. Which one of the following does not take part in the elections of the President?
 - (A) Elected members of the Lok Sabha
 - (B) Elected members of the Rajya Sabha
 - (C) Members of the Legislative Councils
 - (D) None of the above
- **33.** Who decides the disputes regarding election of the President?
 - (A) The Supreme Court
 - (B) The Election Commission
 - (C) The Parliament
 - (D) Both (A) and (B)
- 34. The term 'Cabinet' is mentioned in which of the following Articles of the Constitution?
 - (A) Article 74
 - (B) Article 75
 - (C) Article 352
 - (D) Not mentioned in the Constitution
- 35. Who has the authority to remove the Vice President from his office before the expiry of his term?
 - (A) Rajya Sabha
 - (B) Lok Sabha
 - (C) Parliament
 - (D) Supreme Court

- 36. The authorization for the withdrawal of funds from the Consolidated Fund of India must come from
 - (A) the President of India
 - (B) the Parliament of India
 - (C) the Prime Minister of India
 - (D) the Union Finance Minister
- 37. Which of the following States sends the maximum number of members to the Rajya Sabha?
 - (A) Uttar Pradesh
 - (B) Bihar
 - (C) West Bengal
 - (D) All are equal
- 38. The Lok Sabha Secretariat works under the direct supervision of
 - (A) the Speaker
 - (B) the Minister for Parliamentary affairs
 - (C) the President of India
 - (D) None of the above
- 39. Who was the Chief Justice of India when Public Interest Litigation (PIL) was introduced to the Indian Judicial System?
 - (A) M. Hidayatullah
 - (B) A. M. Ahmedia
 - (C) A. S. Anand
 - (D) P. N. Bhagwati

- 40. Which one of the following High Courts has the Territorial Jurisdiction over Andaman and Nicobar Islands?
 - (A) Andhra Pradesh
 - (B) Kolkata
 - (C) Chennai
 - (D) Odisha
- 41. Who/Which of the following is the custodian of the Constitution of India?
 - (A) The President of India
 - (B) The Prime Minister of India
 - (C) The Lok Sabha Secretariat
 - (D) The Supreme Court of India
- **42.** The family court decides disputes relating to
 - (A) domestic violence
 - (B) marriage affairs
 - (C) property affairs
 - (D) consumer affairs
- The oath to a High Court Judge is administered by the
 - (A) Chief Justic of India
 - (B) Chief Justice of the High Court
 - (C) Governor
 - (D) President
- 44. Besides its permanent seat at Delhi, the Supreme Court can also meet at
 - (A) any State capital
 - (B) any major city
 - (C) any other Union Territory
 - (D) any other place as decided by the Chief Justice of India in consultation with the President

- **45.** The Election Commission recognizes a political party as a national party if
 - it secures at least 6% of the total valid votes polled in four or more States in a general election to the Lok Sabha or to the Legislative Assembly.
 - II. it wins at least four seats in a general election to the Lok Sabha from any State or States.

Select correct answer using the codes given below:

- (A) Only I
- (B) Only II
- (C) Both I and II
- (D) Neither I or II
- 46. A person to be qualified for standing in a Panchayat election must have attained the age of
 - (A) 21 years
 - (B) 18 years
 - (C) 25 years
 - (D) 30 years
- 47. Financial distribution between the Union and the State takes place on the basis of recommendation of which one of the following?
 - (A) The National Development Council
 - (B) The Inter-State Council
 - (C) The Planning Commission
 - (D) The Finance Commission

- **48.** The objective of audit is to examine and monitor the expenditure made by
 - (A) the Executive
 - (B) the Legislature
 - (C) the Judiciary
 - (D) All of the above
- Recognition to a political party is accorded by
 - (A) the Election Commission
 - (B) the Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs
 - (C) a Committee of Whips
 - (D) the Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- 50. Which one of the following is not a part of service sector in India?
 - (A) Transport
 - (B) Construction
 - (C) Hotels and restaurants
 - (D) Insurance
- 51. The Father of Economics is
 - (A) Max Muller
 - (B) Karl Marx
 - (C) Adam Smith
 - (D) Paul
- **52.** Deficit financing means the Government borrows money from the
 - (A) IMF
 - (B) Ministry of Finance
 - (C) RBI
 - (D) WTO

- 53. DWCRA stands for
 - (A) Development of Women and Children in Rural Areas
 - (B) Direct Welfare of Children in Rural Areas
 - (C) Development and Welfare of Catchment Rural Areas
 - (D) None of the above
- Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana launched on September 25, 2014 is related to
 - (A) women empowerment
 - (B) skill development in rural and urban areas
 - (C) poverty allevation among SC/ST
 - (D) food security to old age rural people
- 55. People of which age groups are eligible for training under the TRYSEM scheme?
 - (A) 18-21 years
 - (B) 18-35 years
 - (C) 25-50 years
 - (D) 18-65 years
- 56. Which one of the following Government of India programmes aims to help build or upgrade dwelling unit of below the poverty line rural families?
 - (A) National Social Assistance Programme
 - (B) Jawahar Rozgar Yojana
 - (C) Indira Awas Yojana
 - (D) Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission

- 57. Nirmal Gram Puraskar is related with
 - (A) sanitation
 - (B) environment
 - (C) unemployment
 - (D) food production
- 58. For what purpose, a web-based portal Vidya Lakshmi was been launched by Union Government?
 - (A) Medical loans
 - (B) Education loans
 - (C) House loans
 - (D) Women empowerment
- 'Earn while you learn' scheme has been launched by
 - (A) Ministry of Tourism
 - (B) Ministry of Youth
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
- Aam Admi Bima Yojana is an insurance scheme for rural landless households introduced by
 - (A) LIC
 - (B) UTI
 - (C) ICICI
 - (D) None of the above
- 61. Kisan credit card was launched by Indian Government to facilitate the short-term loan and cash delivery to farmers. Which one of the following agencies is not included in the operation of the Kisan credit cards?
 - (A) Scheduled commercial banks
 - (B) Cooperative banks
 - (C) Regional rural banks
 - (D) NABARD

- **62.** Which among the following Rajdhani trains covers the longest distance?
 - (A) 2433 Chennai Central
 - (B) 2431 Trivandrum Central
 - (C) 2435 Dibrugarh Town
 - (D) 2429 Bengaluru City Junction
- **63.** Which one of the following is **not** a seaport?
 - (A) Paradeep
 - (B) Haldia
 - (C) Diamond Harbour
 - (D) Dhamra
- **64.** Where is the headquarters of World Bank situated?
 - (A) Washington DC
 - (B) New York
 - (C) Manila
 - (D) Geneva
- 65. Green banking channel has been launched by
 - (A) SBI
 - (B) UTI
 - (C) RBI
 - (D) None of the above
- **66.** The minimum support price for food grains was introduced in the year
 - (A) 1954
 - (B) 1944
 - (C) 1964
 - (D) 1974

- 67. Bhoodan Yojana as a measure of gifting land by the rich landlords to the landless labourers, was started by
 - (A) Acharya Vinoba Bhave
 - (B) Acharya Narendra Dev
 - (C) Raj Narain
 - (D) Medha Patkar
- 68. Who among the following served as the Chief Economist of the International Monitory Fund?
 - (A) Ashok Lahiri
 - (B) Sumanta Ghoshal
 - (C) Saumitra Chowdhury
 - (D) Raghuram Rajan
- The blackboard seems black because it
 - (A) reflects every colour
 - (B) does not reflect any colour
 - (C) absorbs black colour
 - (D) reflects black colour
- 70. The rusting of iron nail
 - (A) decreases its weight
 - (B) increases its weight
 - (C) does not affect weight but iron is oxidized
 - (D) does not affect weight but iron is reduced
- 71. Which of the following elements is found in all organic compounds?
 - (A) Carbon
 - (B) Calcium
 - (C) Nitrogen
 - (D) Oxygen

- 72. Who among the following Prime Ministers of India had addressed the joint meeting of the US Congress?
 - I. Rajiv Gandhi
 - II. P. V. Narasimha Rao
 - III. Atal Bihari Vajpayee
 - IV. Manmohan Singh
 - V. Narendra Modi

Choose the correct option:

- (A) Only I
- (B) I, III and IV
- (C) IV and V
- (D) All of them
- 73. Who among the following has been appointed by BCCI as its first CEO?
 - (A) Sourav Ganguli
 - (B) Anil Kumble
 - (C) Anurag Thakur
 - (D) Rahul Johri
- 74. Which State Government has signed MoU with Amul to save the children of Anganwadi from malnutrition?
 - (A) Rajasthan
 - (B) Gujarat
 - (C) Madhya Pradesh
 - (D) Punjab
- 75. Who became the first Indian batsman to smash 200 sixes in ODIs?
 - (A) M. S. Dhoni
 - (B) Gautam Gambhir
 - (C) Kedar Jadav
 - (D) None of them

- 76. Tanushree Pareek becomes the first Woman Combat Officer to be commissioned in the 51-year history of which paramilitary forces?
 - (A) BSF
- (B) CRPF
- (C) RAF
- (D) CISF
- 77. Which country's Navy successfully testfired an anti-ship missile for the first time from an indigenously built Kalvari class submarines in the Arabian Sea?
 - (A) Pakistan
 - (B) India
 - (C) Sri Lanka
 - (D) None of the above
- 78. A woman revolutionary who while receiving her degree at the convocation at the University of Calcutta from the Governor of Bengal shot him was
 - (A) Kalpana Dutta
 - (B) Pritilata Waddedar
 - (C) Bina Das
 - (D) Leela Nag
- 79. Which one of the following slogans is attributed of Subhash Chandra Bose?
 - (A) Jai Jawan Jai Kisan
 - (B) Vande Mataram
 - (C) Jai Hind
 - (D) Inqilab Zindabad
- 80. At which one of the following places did Mahatma Gandhi first start his Satyagraha in India?
 - (A) Ahmedabad
 - (B) Bardoli
 - (C) Champaran
 - (D) Kheda

- 81. Which one of the following districts is well known for the cultivation of coffee?
 - (A) Balasore
 - (B) Chikmangalur
 - (C) Guntur
 - (D) Khurda
- 82. Among the following States, which one has the most suitable climatic conditions for the cultivation of a large variety of orchids with minimum cost of production and can develop an export oriented industry in this field?
 - (A) Andhra Pradesh
 - (B) Arunachal Pradesh
 - (C) Madhya Pradesh
 - (D) Uttar Pradesh
- **83.** Which one of the following is the example of subsistence farming?
 - (A) Shifting cultivation
 - (B) Commercial farming
 - (C) Extensive and intensive farming
 - (D) Organic farming
- **84.** In which one of the following States is cotton cultivation based mainly on irrigation?
 - (A) Maharashtra
 - (B) Madhya Pradesh
 - (C) Rajasthan
 - (D) Haryana

- **85.** Which one of the following districts does **not** have a gold field?
 - (A) Anantpur
 - (B) Kolar
 - (C) Raichur
 - (D) Visakhapatnam
- 86. The office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner conducts the Census in India. It is under which ministry?
 - (A) Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
 - (B) Ministry of Home Affairs
 - (C) Ministry of Finance
 - (D) Prime Minister's Office (PMO)
- **87.** Human blood is a viscous fluid. This viscosity is due to
 - (A) proteins in blood
 - (B) platelets in plasma
 - (C) sodium in serum
 - (D) RBC and WBC in blood
- **88.** Which of the following continents is known as the bird continent?
 - (A) Africa
 - (B) Asia
 - (C) South America
 - (D) None of the above
- 89. The permanent headquarters of SAARC Secretariat is located at
 - (A) Kathmandu
 - (B) Dhaka
 - (C) New Delhi
 - (D) Islamabad

- 90. The headquarters of Asian Development Bank is at
 - (A) Bangkok
 - (B) Manila
 - (C) Singapore
 - (D) Tokyo
- 91. In which one of the following places is the Indira Gandhi Centre for Atomic Research located?
 - (A) Thiruvananthapuram
 - (B) Sriharikota
 - (C) Kalpakkam
 - (D) Trombay
- **92.** The book named *Don't Laugh : We are Police*, was composed by
 - (A) Bhushan Lal Vohra (IGP)
 - (B) K. P. S. Gill (DGP)
 - (C) Shanti Swaroop (IG Police)
 - (D) None of them
- 93. Who wrote Akbarnama?
 - (A) Akbar
 - (B) Birbal
 - (C) Abul Fazl
 - (D) Bhagwan Das
- 94. India's most important market regulator SEBI is
 - (A) Special Enforcement Bureau Index
 - (B) Social Engineering Board of India
 - (C) Securities and Exchange Board of India
 - (D) Securities Exchanges Bureau of India

- **95.** Which of the following technologies is used for testing AIDS?
 - (A) ELISA
 - (B) EEG
 - (C) DNA
 - (D) None of the above
- 96. The Speaker of Lok Sabha may resign his office by writing address to the
 - (A) President of India
 - (B) Prime Minister of India
 - (C) Vice President of India
 - (D) Deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- 97. Question Hour in the Parliament refers to
 - (A) the lunch hour after the sitting
 - (B) the last hour of the sitting
 - (C) the first hour of the sitting
 - (D) the second hour of the sitting
- 98. In the removal of which of the following officials does the Parliament play no role?
 - (A) Chairman of the UPSC
 - (B) Judges of the High Court
 - (C) Judges of the Supreme Court
 - (D) Comptroller and Auditor-General of India
- The term of the Rajya Sabha was fixed by the
 - (A) President
 - (B) Constitution
 - (C) Parliament
 - (D) Cabinet
- 100. Which is the most industrially advanced State in India?
 - (A) Maharashtra
 - (B) Punjab
 - (C) Gujarat
 - (D) Tamil Nadu

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