

SEAL

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

Invigilator's signature

Question Booklet No.

830801

2018

TGT—PAPER—I : ENGLISH

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

ROLL NO.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

1. This Question Booklet contains 50 optional questions. Each question comprises four responses (answers). You will select ONLY ONE response which you consider the best and darken the bubble on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
2. DO NOT write your Name or anything else except Roll No. and the actual answers to the question, anywhere on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
3. DO NOT handle your OMR RESPONSE SHEET in such a manner as to mutilate, fold, etc.
4. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination Hall **20 minutes** after commencement of distribution of the Test Booklet. The invigilator of the Examination Hall will be the time-keeper and his decision in this regard is final.
5. No candidate shall have in his/her possession inside the Examination Hall any book, notebook or loose paper, calculator, mobile phone, etc., except his/her admit card and other things / paper permitted by the Commission.
6. Immediately after the final bell indicating the closure of the examination, stop bubbling. Be seated till the OMR RESPONSE SHEET is collected by the invigilator, thereafter you may leave the Examination Hall.
7. Violation of any of the above rules will render the candidate liable to expulsion from the examination and disqualification from the examination, and according to the nature and gravity of his/her offence, he/she may be debarred from future examinations and interviews to be conducted by the Commission and other such organizations (i.e., UPSC, SSC and SPSCs).

NB : CANDIDATES ARE ALLOWED TO TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET ONLY AFTER COMPLETION OF 2 (TWO) HOURS OF EXAMINATION TIME.

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Read the following passage and answer Question No. 1 - Question No. 10

Protecting our Oceans

Our oceans are in more trouble than ever before. Right now it is estimated that up to 12 million metric tons of plastic - everything from plastic bottles and bags to micro beads - ends up in our oceans each year. That's a truckload of trash every minute. Travelling on ocean currents, this plastic is now turning up in every corner of our planet, from Florida beaches to uninhabited Pacific islands. It is even being found trapped in Arctic ice. Our oceans are slowly turning into a plastic soup, and the effects on ocean life are chilling. Discarded plastic fishing lines trap and entangle turtles and seabirds, and plastic pieces of all sizes choke and clog the stomachs of creatures who mistake it for food, from tiny zooplankton to whales. Plastic is now entering every level of the ocean food chain and is even ending up in the seafood on our plates. But it doesn't have to be this way. That's why we are campaigning to end the flow of plastic into our oceans.

We are calling on big corporations to act to reduce their plastic footprint - and stop producing plastic packaging that is designed to be used once then thrown away. We're also working hard to address other serious threats facing our oceans. Unsustainable industrial fishing is destroying habitats and endangering countless species. Climate change and ocean acidification —both the result of our reliance on fossil fuels—are having more and more extreme impacts on ocean health. Scientists say the wave of extinction facing the ocean in the coming century could be the worst since the dinosaur age. If we don't change the way we do things, and fast, we are on track to cause irreversible damage to the ocean and the collapse of some of the most important food sources in the world. That's why we are campaigning to end the flow of plastic into our oceans. Recycling alone is simply never going to solve this problem — we need to prevent it at its source. Corporations have created a global crisis that must be met with a fundamental shift in how the industry brings its products to people. We are calling on big corporations to act now and reduce their plastic footprint - they are at the heart of this mess and can no longer get a free pass. They must stop producing excessive plastic packaging that is designed to be used once, then thrown away. We're also working to protect the oceans through a network of sanctuaries. These sanctuaries will preserve biodiversity, help endangered species recover, and give marine life a fighting chance to survive the rapid changes we are causing to the planet. Ocean sanctuaries can also help replenish fish populations decimated by overfishing, meaning a more dependable food supply for the billions of people who get some of their protein from seafood.

1. What is the passage basically discussing?
 (A) Air pollution
 (B) Ocean pollution
 (C) Big corporations
 (D) De-forestation
2. What kind of crisis is this?
 (A) Small one
 (B) Global crisis
 (C) Arctic crisis
 (D) None of the above
3. What does the term "plastic soup" mean?
 (A) Plastic packets
 (B) Chicken soup
 (C) Water of the ocean is full of plastic
 (D) All of the above
4. What does "plastic footprint" mean?
 (A) Footprints on plastic
 (B) Footprints made of plastic
 (C) Plastic footwear
 (D) Impact of plastic on the environment
5. What does 'sustainable' mean?
 (A) Renewable resources
 (B) Containing water
 (C) Reviving dead animals
 (D) Throwing plastic elsewhere
6. What is meant by a 'network of sanctuaries'?
 (A) An interconnected set of sanctuaries
 (B) Identified sanctuaries meant to implement conservation strategies
 (C) Both of the above
 (D) None of the above
7. How is plastic ending up on our food plate?
 (A) As polluted water
 (B) In the form of seafood
 (C) In the form of products from corporations
 (D) None of the above

8. Choose another word for 'biodiversity'.
 (A) Multifariousness
 (B) Homogeneity
 (C) Unvaried
 (D) Pollutant
9. The main reasons of ocean pollution are
 (A) plastic waste
 (B) recycled plastic
 (C) overfishing
 (D) Both (A) and (C)
10. How does "plastic" reach the various corners of our oceans?
 (A) With the help of ocean current
 (B) Animals carry them
 (C) Flow with the water
 (D) All of the above

Choose the correct option.

11. Which of the following is **not** a poem by John Keats?
 (A) *Ode on a Grecian Urn*
 (B) *Ode to a Nightingale*
 (C) *Ode to the West Wind*
 (D) *Ode to Autumn*
12. Identify the correct chronological order of the following novels :
 (A) *Dubliners*, *A Portrait of an Artist as a Young Man*, *Ulysses*, *Finnegans Wake*
 (B) *A Portrait of an Artist as a Young Man*, *Dubliners*, *Finnegans Wake*, *Ulysses*
 (C) *Ulysses*, *A Portrait of an Artist as a Young Man*, *Finnegans Wake*, *Dubliners*
 (D) *Finnegans Wake*, *Dubliners*, *A Portrait of an Artist as a Young Man*, *Ulysses*

13. Which of the following is **not** a historical play by Shakespeare?
- (A) *Richard II*
(B) *Richard III*
(C) *Measure for Measure*
(D) *Henry IV*
14. In Christopher Marlowe's *The Tragical History of Dr. Faustus*, who is referred to as the Prince of Hell?
- (A) Demogorgon
(B) Lucifer
(C) Hecate
(D) None of them
15. Into how many books is *Paradise Lost* divided?
- (A) 18
(B) 12
(C) 15
(D) 20
16. P. B. Shelley's text *Defence of Poetry* was written as a defence of poetry against,
- (A) Sir Philip Sidney's *Defense of Poesie*
(B) Thomas Love Peacock's *The Four Ages of Poetry*
(C) Alexander Pope's *An Essay on Criticism*
(D) T. S. Eliot's *Tradition and Individual Talent*
17. Who wrote *The French Revolution and Sartor Resartus*?
- (A) Thomas Carlyle
(B) Thomas Love Peacock
(C) Thomas Babington Macaulay
(D) Thomas de Quincey
18. Identify the correct chronological order :
- (A) Lord Byron, Robert Browning, George Meredith, Lord Alfred Tennyson
(B) Lord Byron, George Meredith, Robert Browning, Lord Alfred Tennyson
(C) Lord Byron, Lord Alfred Tennyson, Robert Browning, George Meredith
(D) Lord Byron, Lord Alfred Tennyson, George Meredith, Robert Browning
19. Which poem by Ted Hughes begins with the following lines?
"I sit in the top of the wood, my eyes closed.
Inaction, no falsifying dream
Between my hooked head and hooked feet:
Or in sleep rehearse perfect kills and eat."
- (A) *Hawk Roosting*
(B) *The Thought Fox*
(C) *Pike*
(D) *Snowdrop*
20. In which text does Samuel Taylor Coleridge explain in detail the ideas of 'primary imagination', 'secondary imagination' and 'fancy'?
- (A) *Aids to Reflection*
(B) *Table Talk*
(C) *Reflections*
(D) *Biographia Literaria*
21. In which novel by Anita Desai does she illustrate the fall of Urdu language and culture as an aftermath of Partition?
- (A) *In Custody*
(B) *Fasting, Feasting*
(C) *The Clear Light of Day*
(D) *The Village by the Sea*

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33. Which famous author did Chinua Achebe call a "bloody racist"?
- (A) Charles Dickens
(B) Joseph Conrad
(C) Emily Bronte
(D) Mark Twain
34. Which novel begins with this line — "All happy families are alike; each unhappy family is unhappy in its own way"?
- (A) *Anna Karenina*
(B) *The Mill on the Floss*
(C) *Moby Dick*
(D) *Pride and Prejudice*
35. Who won the Nobel Prize for Literature in 2017?
- (A) Kazuo Ishiguro
(B) Bob Dylan
(C) J. M. Coetzee
(D) Toni Morrison
36. What is the time ____ your watch?
- (A) in
(B) by
(C) under
(D) over
37. She lives life by her ____.
- (A) principles
(B) principals
(C) precipice
(D) None of the above
38. What ____ when I called?
- (A) was you doing
(B) you doing
(C) you did
(D) were you doing
39. Unfortunately, their house ____ while they were at the restaurant celebrating their anniversary.
- (A) got burgled
(B) burgled
(C) had burgled
(D) went burgled
40. This time next week I won't be in a stuffy office, ____ on a beach.
- (A) I'll have lain
(B) I'll be lying
(C) I'll lie
(D) I'm lying
41. ____ he should have spent all the weekend preparing for his test, he in fact just lay in bed watching videos.
- (A) Whereas
(B) Nevertheless
(C) However
(D) Despite
42. We are at a disadvantage ____ that we do not have a very good knowledge of English language and literature.
- (A) in
(B) by
(C) with
(D) for
43. If the decision ____ before he arrived, he would have been furious.
- (A) was taken
(B) was being taken
(C) had been taken
(D) has being taken

44. He said that he was coming. (Transform this sentence to a simple sentence)
- (A) He will come today.
 - (B) He is coming.
 - (C) He told of his coming.
 - (D) He told that he was coming.
45. My ambition is to serve the country. (Transform this sentence into a complex sentence.)
- (A) My ambition is that I should serve my country.
 - (B) My ambition is that I shall serve my country.
 - (C) To serve my country is my ambition.
 - (D) I serve my country is my big ambition.
46. That drink is not as sweet as this one. (Transform this sentence into a comparative sentence)
- (A) The drinks vary in their sweetness.
 - (B) This drink is not sweeter than that drink.
 - (C) This drink is sweeter than that drink.
 - (D) That drink is sweeter than that one.
47. Five plus seven ____ twelve.
- (A) is
 - (B) are
 - (C) will be
 - (D) None of the above
48. ____ either of your aunts or your mother at home at the moment?
- (A) Is
 - (B) Are
 - (C) Have
 - (D) Has
49. You should decide which one of the four options best ____ the question.
- (A) answer
 - (B) answers
 - (C) is answer
 - (D) was answering
50. "The childrens books were all left in the following places the Principals office Miss Mehtas office and the caretakers cupboard"— Punctuate.
- (A) The children's books were all left in the following places: the Principal's office, Miss Mehta's office and the caretaker's cupboard.
 - (B) The children's books were all left in the following places; the Principal's office, Miss Mehta's office and the caretaker's cupboard.
 - (C) The children's books were all left in the following places; the Principals office, Miss Mehtas office and the caretakers cupboard.
 - (D) The children's books were all left in the following places: the Principals office, Miss Mehtas office and the caretakers cupboard.