## ARUNACHAL PRADESH PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, ITANAGAR

## FINANCE & ACCOUNTS OFFICER/TREASURY OFFICER(LDCE) - 2017

Subject	: General Knowledge (Objective)/ Office Procedure (Descriptive)							
Time Maximum Marks	: 3 (three) H	lours	ROLL NO.					
	. 100							
	10	Signature of Candidate		Signature of Invigilator				

# **INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES:-**

- 1. Immediately after the commencement of the Examination, candidate should check that this Booklet does **NOT** have any unprinted, torn or missing pages/sl.no. etc. If any defect is found, get it replaced by a Complete Question Booklet.
- 2. DO NOT write your Name or anything else in the Question Booklet except your Roll no. & signature in the space provided.
- **3.** Enter correct and entire digits of your Roll No. in the appropriate boxes and darken the corresponding bubbles in the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
- 4. DO NOT handle your OMR RESPONSE SHEET in such a manner as to mutilate, fold etc.
- 5. This Question Booklet contains 50 questions of General Knowledge carrying 1 mark each and 6 questions of Office Procedure carrying 10 marks each.
- 6. In General Knowledge paper each question contains four responses. Choose only one response/answer for each question and darken the appropriate bubble on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
- 7. No candidate shall be admitted to the Examination Hall 20 minutes after commencement of the Examination. The Centre Supdt./Asstt. Centre Supdt. Of the Examination Hall will be the time-keeper and his/her decision in this regard is final.
- 8. Candidates are strictly prohibited to posses any book, notebook or loose paper, calculator, mobile phone etc. Inside the Examination Hall, except his/her Admit Card and writing materials only.
- 9. Immediately after the final bell indicating closure of the examination, stop markings. Be seated till the OMR RESPONSE SHEET is collected. After handing over the OMR RESPONSE SHEET to the Invigilator and after you have been permitted by the Invigilator to leave, you may leave the examination hall.
- 10. Violation of any of the above Rules will render the candidate liable to be expelled and disqualified from the Examination, and according to the nature and gravity of his/her offence, he/she may be debarred from future Examinations and interviews to be conducted by the Commission and other such organization (i.e UPSC, SSC & SPSCs).

N.B: CANDIDATE MAY RETAIN THE QUESTION BOOKLET

- **1.** Which of the following Sufi saints did not belong to Chisti order?
  - a. Qutub-ud-din Bakhtiyar Kaki
  - b. Nizam-ud-din-Auliya
  - c. Nasir-ud-din Chirag
  - d. None of the above
- **2.** Which of the following Monarchs did not rule over Kannauj?
  - a. Yashovarman
  - b. Vajrayudha
  - c. Indrayudha
  - d. Dharmapala
- 3. Kalidasa's work include
  - 1. Abhigyana Sakuntalam
  - 2. Meghadootam
  - 3. Raghuvamsa
  - 4. Malavikaganimitram
  - 5. Ritushambhara
  - 6. Kumarasambhaya

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

- a. 1,3,4 and 5
- b. 1,2,3, and 4
- c. 1.2.4.5 and 6
- d. All of these
- **4.** Sanchi stupa was said to be originally built by the following king of the Mauryan empire
  - a. Dasaratha
  - b. Samprati
  - c. Ashoka
  - d. Bindusara
- **5.** Of the following four noble truths taught by the Buddha, the basic truth was
  - a. Existence of sorrow
  - b. Sorrow causation
  - c. Cessation of sorrow is possible by elimination of desire
  - d. The way to end sorrow lies in following the eight-fold path

- **6.** The word Arya comes from the root word
  - a. Meaning to make fire
  - b. Meaning to cultivate
  - c. To domesticate animals
  - d. To build a house
- **7.** Which of the metal has so far been discovered in Harappan sites?
  - a. Copper
  - b. Gold
  - c. Silver
  - d. Iron
- **8.** The Veda which is partly in prose and partly in verse is
  - a. Rig Veda
  - b. Sama Veda
  - c. Yajur Veda
  - d. Atharva Veda
- **9.** Arrange the following planets in descending order according to their densities.
  - 1. Mercury
  - 2. Uranus
  - 3. Saturn
  - 4. Earth
  - 5. Mars

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a. 1,4,5,2,3
- b. 4,1,5,2,3
- c. 1,4,3,2,5
- d. 4,5,1,3,2
- **10.** What is relationship between solar day and sidereal day?
  - a. Both are equal
  - b. Solar day is longer than sidereal day
  - c. Solar day is shorter than sidereal day
  - d. There is no relationship between the two
- **11.** In which layer do Auroras (e.g. Northern lights) occur?
  - a. Exosphere
  - b. Mesosphere
  - c. Stratosphere
  - d. Thermosphere

- **12.** Which of the following is/are controlling factors of salinity/
  - 1. Evaporation
  - 2. Precipitation
  - 3. Atmospheric pressure and wind direction
  - 4. Influx of river water

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 4
- c. 1,2 and 3
- d. All of these
- **13.** The world's major commercial fishing grounds are located in
  - a. Cool waters of the Northern hemisphere in comparatively higher latitudes
  - b. Warm waters of the Southern hemisphere in comparatively lower latitudes
  - c. Both above mentioned areas
  - d. A widespread area near the poles
- **14.** The continent having the largest area in the equatorial belt is
  - a. Asia
  - b. South America
  - c. Africa
  - d. North America
- **15.** Which one of the following is true about the Cabinet Mission Plan Proposal?
  - a. Rejection of Pakistan
  - b. It ended the British rule in India
  - c. Expansion of Viceroy's Executive Council
  - d. The princely states could not be persuaded to accede to the federation.
- **16.** Which among the following is not a feature of the Indian Constitution?
  - a. Parliamentary form of government
  - b. Federal form of government
  - c. Double citizenship
  - d. A written constitution

- **17.** The constitution of India has introduced single citizenship on the pattern of
  - a. Britain
  - b. Canada
  - c. USA
  - d. Both a and b
- **18.** The fundamental duties were added to the constitution
  - a. To make the fundamental rights more effective
  - b. To check anti-national, subversive and unconstitutional agitations
  - c. To accord priority to Directive Principles over Fundamental Rights
  - d. To achieve all the above objectives
- **19.** Point out the powers enjoyed by the President of India, but not available to the governor.
  - 1. Diplomatic powers
  - 2. Pardoning death sentence
  - 3. Veto power over state legislature
  - 4. Military powers

Which of the powers given above are correct?

- a. 1, 2 and 4
- b. 1 and 4
- c. 1, 2 and 3
- d. 2 and 3
- 20. Money Bill can be introduced only
  - a. In either of the House
  - b. In Legislative Assembly
  - c. In Legislative Council
  - d. In joint sitting of both the Houses
- **21.** If, President Rule under Article 356 is proposed in a State
  - a. The Assembly of the State is automatically dissolved
  - b. Art. 19 is suspended in that State
  - c. Parliament assumes the power to legislate on the State List
  - d. The President can make laws relating to that state

- **22.** The constitution of India envisages three types of services
  - a. Navy, Air force and Army
  - b. Civil, Military, and Para-Military
  - c. All India Services, Central Services and State Services
  - d. None of the above.
- **23.** Which committee had first of all recommended three-tier Panchayati Raj in India in 1957?
  - a. Balwant Rai Mehta Committee
  - b. Ashok Mehta Committee
  - c. Setalwad Committee
  - d. Hanumantaya Committee
- **24.** Which was the first Indian state to establish the institution of Lokayukta?
  - a. Bihar
  - b. Uttar Pradesh
  - c. Andhra Pradesh
  - d. Maharashtra
- **25.** Which of the following is one of the indicators of Human Development Index (HDI)?
  - a. Life Expectancy at birth
  - b. Total Cost of the agriculture land with a family
  - c. Availability of perennial source of water for irrigation
  - d. Nature of employment causal permanent of semi-permanent.
- **26.** Lakdawala Committee was appointed by Planning Commission on
  - a. Poverty estimation
  - b. Insurance sector reforms
  - c. Bank frauds
  - d. Public welfare
- **27.** Which of the following is not an impact of the Green Revolution in India?
  - a. It solved the problem of regional disparities.
  - b. It created a surplus in food grains.
  - c. It enabled the farmers to create an additional income.
  - d. It made India self-reliable in terms of food grains

- **28.** Which one of the following is not a qualitative credit control measure of RBI?
  - a. Fixing margin requirements
  - b. Variable interest rates
  - c. Open market operation
  - d. Credit rationing
- **29.** In India monetization of the fiscal deficit is achieved through
  - a. Reducing public expenditure
  - b. Printing new currency notes
  - c. Increasing interest rates
  - d. Borrowing by the government
- **30.** The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade was replaced by
  - a. North American Free Trade Association
  - b. South Asian Free Trade Association
  - c. World Trade Organisation
  - d. None of the above
- **31.** Which three nations had signed a treaty to establish economic union called Eurasian Economic Union by 2015?
  - a. Russia, Ukraine and Kazakhstan
  - b. Tajikistan, Belarus and Kazakhstan
  - c. Russia. Belarus and Kazakhstan
  - d. Armenia, Russia and Belarus
- **32.** PM Narendra Modi launched the Din Dayal Upadhyaya Gram Jyoti Yojna (DDUGJY) in Patna. The benefits of the scheme will be
  - a. All villages and households shall be electrified and increase in agriculture yield
  - b. Improvement in health, education, banking (ATM) services.
  - c. Improvement in accessibility to radio, telephone, television, internet and mobile
  - d. All of the above
- **33.** The science dealing with the study of phenomena at very low temperature is known
  - a. Refrigenics
  - b. Cytogenics
  - c. Frozenics
  - d. Cryogenics

- **34.** A common fluorescent tube contains
  - a. Sodium vapours
  - b. Argon at low pressure
  - c. Mercury vepours low low pressure
  - d. Mercury vapours at high pressure
- **35.** Radiocarbon dating technique is used to estimate the age of
  - a. Rocks
  - b. Soil
  - c. Fossils
  - d. Buildings
- **36.** The process by which energy is generated in the sun, is the
  - a. Fission of uranium
  - b. Fusion of helium
  - c. Fusion of hydrogen
  - d. Combination of all these processes
- **37.** The function of moderator in a nuclear reactor is
  - a. To moderate the number of secondary neutrons
  - b. To slow down the secondary neutrons
  - c. To increase the number of fissile (or fissionable nuclei)
  - d. To control the fission reaction
- 38. Isodiaphers have
  - a. Same mass number but different atomic number
  - b. Same number of neutrons but different mass number
  - c. Same difference between number of protons and neutrons
  - d. Same mass number and atomic number
- 39. A radionuclide that is relatively safer has
  - a. Longer half-life
  - b. Shorter half-life
  - c. The same number of protons and neutrons
  - d. Different number of protons and neutrons
- **40.** Which of the following is the use of quick lime?

- a. It is used in the manufacture of sodium carbonate from caustic soda
- b. It is an important primary material for manufacturing of cement
- c. It is employed in the manufacture of sugar and manufacturing of dyestuff
- d. All of the above
- **41.** Which of the following is the birth place of Sixth Dalai Lama?
  - a. Meghalaya
  - b. Assam
  - c. Sikkim
  - d. Arunachal Pradesh
- **42.** Which of the following is famous for World's oldest operating refinery?
  - a. Assam
  - b. Tamil Nadu
  - c. Karnataka
  - d. Gujarat
- **43.** Which of the following is known for Living Root Bridges?
  - a. Kerala
  - b. Orissa
  - c. Arunachal Pradesh
  - d. Meghalaya
- **44.** Which of the following is home to only floating park in the world?
  - a. Paris
  - b. Stockholm
  - c. Manipur
  - d. Mizoram
- **45.** Which of the following states of India is known for Mautam?
  - a. Kerala
  - b. Nagaland
  - c. Tripura
  - d. Mizoram
- **46.** Which of the states where World War 2 was actually fought in India?
  - 1. Nagaland
  - 2. Manipur
  - 3. Uttar Pradesh
  - 4. Bihar

Choose from the code given below

- a. 1,2,3 and 4
- b. 1 and 3
- c. 2 and 3
- d. 1 and 2
- **47.** Which of the following states is known for its ruling Manikya Dynasty?
  - a. Nagaland
  - b. West Bengal
  - c. Tripura
  - d. Manipur
- **48.** Which state of India is called Land of Rising Sun?

- a. Nagaland
- b. Arunachal Pradesh
- c. Tamil Nadu
- d. Tripura
- **49.** Which of the following is the state flower of Arunachal Pradesh?
  - a. Daffodil
  - b. Foxtail Orchid
  - c. Eucalyptus
  - d. Chinese Hibiscus
- **50.** Which of the following is the state animal of Arunachal Pradesh?
  - a. Armadillo
  - b. Mithun
  - c. Jackal
  - d. Rhino

#### **GROUP B: OFFICE PROCEDURE**

**FULL MARKS: 50** 

# NOTE: ANSWER ANY 5 (FIVE QUESTIONS). ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS

1.	Answer	any five	auestions	of the	following:

10 Marks

- a. What is Personal Pay?
- b. What is Compensatory Allowance?
- c. What do you mean by mileage allowance?
- d. What are the emoluments that a Government Servant was receiving immediately before his retirement?
- e. Define Retiring Pension.
- f. What do you mean by increment?
- g. Define Contingency Fund.

### **2.** Briefly describe any five of the following:

10 Marks

- a. Presumptive Pay
- b. Pension
- c. Superannuating Pension
- d. Family Pension
- e. Permanent Post
- f. Tenure Post
- g. Officiate
- **3.** Write a short note on Foreign Service. What is Joining Time?

10 Marks

**4.** Write a short note on Suspension given under Rule 10 of CCS (CCA) Rules 1965.

10 Marks

- **5.** Name the different kinds of traveling allowances which may be drawn in different circumstances by Government Servant. **10** Marks
- **6.** Write full form of any ten of the following:

10 Marks

- a. SCL
- b. EOL
- c. CCA
- d. CCS
- e. GFR
- f. GPF
- g. ATE
- h. TA
- i. DA
- i. SR