

MATHEMATICS

Paper-II

Time: 3 Hours

Full Marks: 100

Instructions : (1) Answer any **five** questions.

(2) The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. (a) Define a Relation with an example. Describe at least two properties of Relations. Calculate the total number of distinct Relations from set A with m number of distinct elements, to set B with n number of distinct elements. 10

(b) Distinguish between the following : 2×5=10

(i) Domain and Range of a relation

(ii) Reflexive and Symmetric relations

(iii) Homomorphism and Isomorphism in Groups

(iv) Rings and Fields

(v) Polynomial function and Rational function

2. Write short notes on the following : 4×5=20

(a) Cauchy-Schwarz inequality

(b) Permutation group

(c) Riemann integral

(d) Normal distribution

(e) Vector space

3. Answer the following : 4×5=20

(a) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^m - a^m}{x - a}$$

for positive integer values of m .

(b) Find the derivative of the function $f(x) = \sin x$ from the first principle.

(c) Integrate :

$$\int \frac{x^2 + 4}{x^2 + 2x + 3} dx$$

(d) Solve the ordinary differential equation $y = px + p - p^2$ where $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$.

(e) Differentiate

$$\frac{d^5}{dx^5} [e^{ax} \cos(bx + c)]$$

where a, b, c are non-zero constants.

4. (a) Consider the general second degree equation $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ and derive the condition under which the equation represents a pair of straight lines. 10

(b) Deduce the equation of the tangent plane at a point $P(x', y')$ on the surface of the sphere given by the equation $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2ux + 2vy + 2wz + d = 0$. 10

5. Define infinite series and their convergences. Give the detail of the steps involved in D' Alembert's test to check the convergence of infinite series. Check if the series

$$\frac{x}{1.2} + \frac{x^2}{2.3} + \frac{x^3}{3.4} \dots\dots\dots$$

is convergent.

4+8+8=20

6. State and prove the theorem of total probability and the Bayes' theorem. There are 3 boxes, labelled B1, B2 and B3 respectively, containing some apples and mangoes. B1 contains 4 apples and 2 mangoes, B2 contains 2 apples and 4 mangoes, and B3 contains 1 apple and 1 mango. Now one fruit is drawn from a random selection of any of the boxes and it is found to be a mango. Find the probability that the mango so drawn belongs to box B3.

5+5+10=20

7. What are eigenvalues and eigenvectors? Determine all the eigenvalues and the eigenvectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

4+6+10=20

8. (a) Solve the following set of simultaneous equations by Cramer's rule : 8

$$2x + y - z = -4$$

$$-2x + 4y + 3z = 9$$

$$7x - 5y - 2z = 2$$

- (b) Find out the square root of the complex number

$$\frac{-1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

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- (c) Find the divergence and the curl of the following vector function defined in Cartesian coordinates : 6

$$\vec{A}(x, y, z) = xz^3\hat{i} - x^2yz\hat{j} + 2yz^4\hat{k} \text{ evaluated at the point } (1, -1, 1).$$
