COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION (MAIN)

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY & VETERINARY SCIENCE

Paper-II

Time: 3 Hours Full Marks: 200

Note: (1) The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks for the questions.

(2) Attempt all questions.

1. Answer any four of the following questions:

 $10 \times 4 = 40$

- (a) Describe about the role of extension education in animal husbandry sector for rural development.
- (b) What is heritability? Write down the difference between heritability and repeatability.
- (c) Elaborate the duties and the role of veterinarian in a slaughter house in ensuring hygienic meat supply to human population.
- (d) Write about the breeding policy of dairy cattle in India. What are the strategic plans for upgrading indigenous cattle breed of India?
- (e) What are the common infectious bacterial diseases of cow? How will you diagnose and control a case of brucellosis in dairy cow?
- 2. Answer any five of the following questions:

 $8 \times 5 = 40$

- (a) Write the procedure of butter making.
- (b) How does woman empowerment play a key role for socio-economic development of rural India?
- (c) Discuss the role of abattoirs in the development of meat industry in India.
- (d) How will you explain the sustainable rural livelihood of North Eastern region of India through integrated farming?
- (e) What is by-product? What is the procedure of obtaining good leather from slaughter house?
- (f) What are the zoonotic diseases transmitted through slaughter house? How will you prevent it?

3. Answer any three of the following questions:

 $20 \times 3 = 60$

- (a) What do you mean by inbreeding? What is the main effect of inbreeding in a population? What are the advantages and disadvantages of inbreeding? Does inbreeding increase the homozygosity of recessive gene? Explain it.
- (b) What is zoonosis? What are the types of zoonosis? What are the zoonotic diseases transmitted from animal to man through milk and meat? Explain in detail.
- (c) What is hormone? What are the hormones associated with digestive system in pig? How do this hormones act directly or indirectly on the feed material in digestive tract?
- (d) What are the native bovine milch breed and draught breed in India? Write down the characteristics of any three breeds from each. How do you justify indigenous cross-breeding programme a more efficient than exotic cross-breeding programme?
- 4. Answer any eight of the following questions:

5×8=40

- (a) Write a short note on ghee and cheese.
- (b) What is casein? Describe the procedure of paneer making.
- (c) Write a short note on the method of collection and processing of hormonal gland from slaughter house.
- (d) Draw a diagram of reproductive tract of sow.
- (e) Write, in brief, the factors to be considered for prevention of diseases transmitted through milk and meat.
- (f) Write down a short note on Hardy-Weinberg law.
- (g) What is colostrum? What is the importance of colostrum feeding in neonatal calf?
- (h) Draw a schematic diagram of mammary gland of a dairy cow.
- (i) How will you prepare a blood sample for staining and diagnosis of blood protozoal diseases?
- 5. Answer any two of the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) What is shelf life of dairy product? How can the shelf life of a dairy product can be extended?
- (b) How do you disseminate livestock technology to rural part of India? What is the role of extension education for dissemination of technology from a institute to rural farmer? Explain in detail.
- (c) What are the most common diseases that affect on annual income of a dairy farmer? Explain briefly about prevention and control of common parasitic diseases incurred in a dairy farm.