COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION (MAIN)

ZOOLOGY

Paper-In the stem resource determined

Time: 3 Hours Full Marks: 200

Note: (1) The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- (2) Attempt five questions in all.
- (3) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- (4) Suitable diagrams may be drawn, whenever required.
- 1. Answer any ten questions from the following:

 $4 \times 10 = 40$

- (a) Distinguish between plasmotomy and sporogony.
- (b) What is detritus food chain?
- (c) What is green gland? Write its function.
- (d) Explain the locomotion of Amoeba.
- (e) What is holozoic nutrition? Explain with example.
- (f) Write the process of reproduction in Euglena.
- (g) Mention the larval stages of Fasciola hepatica.
- (h) Write the life cycle of hookworm.
- (i) Distinguish between metabola and ametabola.
- (j) Describe the locomotion of cuttlefish.
- (k) Mention the larval forms of echinodermata and their general evolutionary significance.
- (1) Write the characteristic features of cephalochordate.

2. Answer any eight questions from the following:

- 5×8=40
- (a) Explain the phenomenon of polymorphism in Hydrozoa.
- (b) Write the economic importance of sponges.
- (c) Mention the processes of reproduction in Hydra.
- (d) Explain the phenomenon of apolysis in Taenia.
- (e) Distinguish between male and female of Ascaris.
- (f) Describe the locomotory organs and mechanism of locomotion in Nereis.
- (g) Mention the characteristic features of tongue worm.
- (h) What are the unique features of Mollusca?
- (i) Discuss the functions of ambulacral system in echinoderms.
- (j) Why is Sphenodon significant in evolutionary point of view?
- 3. Answer any five questions from the following:

8×5=40

- (a) Define aquaculture. Highlight the status of aquaculture in India.
- (b) Explain the concept of ecosystem along with its components in detail.
- (c) Discuss the probable evolutionary lineage for emergence of land vertebrates.
- (d) What is dispersion? Write the measures of dispersion giving emphasis on standard deviation.
- (e) Define national park. Discuss its ecological and economic significance with an example of national park from Northeast India.
- (f) What is reflex? Explain the mechanism of reflex behaviour with experimental evidence.
- (g) Describe the nervous system of Pila globsa with a suitable illustration.
- 4. Answer any four questions from the following:

 $10 \times 4 = 40$

- (a) Define ecological climax. Explain the succession process in attaining it.
- (b) Give an account of the helminth parasites in man.
- (c) Explain the aquatic adaptation in mammals.
- (d) Describe the major causes of water pollution.
- (e) Define biodiversity. Write a note on biological diversity of Arunachal Pradesh in brief.
- (f) What is IBCN? Discuss on conservation endeavours of bird in India.

5. Answer any two questions from the following:

 $20\times2=40$

- (a) Give an account of respiration in Arthropods with suitable illustrations of typical respiratory organs in different groups.
- (b) Discuss on neuroendocrine control of sexuality and reproductive behaviour in vertebrates.
- (c) Describe the insects having beneficial role elaborating their economic implications as well as commercial uses for human welfare.
- 6. Answer any four questions from the following:

10×4=40

- (a) Write the life cycle of a stored grain insect pest of rice with a note on its level of damage and control measure.
- (b) Describe the locomotory organs and mechanism of locomotion in phylum Annelids with suitable illustrations.
- (c) Write the morphology and life history of common jellyfish with appropriate illustrations.
- (d) Explain the structural peculiarities of Prototheria and Metatheria with a note on their phylogenetic relationships.
- (e) What is migration? Explain the causes of catadromous and anadromous migrations in fishes with suitable example.
- (f) Describe the structural peculiarities of *Peripatus* with a note on its evolutionary significance.
- 7. Answer any two questions from the following:

 $20 \times 2 = 40$

- (a) "Energy decreases in each successive trophic level" Explain the statement in detail.
- (b) Describe the organisation in social life of termite and honey. Write a note on the significance of caste system.
- (c) What is induced breeding fish? Explain the principle and write the techniques of induced breeding of Indian major carps through hypophysation.
- 8. Write short notes on the following:

 $10 \times 4 = 40$

- (a) Matter and Biogeochemical cycle
- (b) Ear ossicles in mammals and its evolutionary significance
- (c) Peculiarities and affinities of Apoda
- (d) Poison apparatus of snake

9. Discuss the following in detail:

10×4=40

- (a) Parasitic helminths
- (b) Fossil reptiles
- (c) Origin of mammals
- (d) Ecological succession

10. Answer the following questions in brief:

 $4 \times 10 = 40$

- (a) Name two common stored grain pests of India. Briefly write the measure of controlling their infestation.
- (b) Write the principle of composite fish culture in pond with suitable example.
- (c) Write a brief note on abiotic factors and their role in the ecosystem.
- (d) What is biological clock? Explain briefly with relevant example.
- (e) Enlist the five major categories of primary air pollutants. With a suitable example, briefly discuss the interaction to form a secondary air pollutant.
- (f) Define wildlife. Briefly mention the major threats for Indian wildlife.
- (g) Explain why is standard deviation is called as the best measure of dispersion.
- (h) Briefly explain the significance of food chain in ecosystem maintenance.
- (i) Define animal behaviour. Mention the hormones involved with sexual behaviour of male and female vertebrates in general.

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(j) Briefly explain the causes and impacts of eutrophication of water body.