

SEAL

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

Series :

a

Question Booklet No.

350061

DT/08/24

PAPER—II

HISTORY

Invigilator's Signature

Candidate's Signature

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

ROLL NO.

--	--	--	--	--	--

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

1. Immediately after the commencement of the Examination, candidate should check that this Booklet does **NOT** have any unprinted, torn or missing pages/Sl. No. etc. If any defect is found, candidates should not write or mark anything on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET and immediately report it to the room Invigilator for replacement by a Complete Question Booklet.
2. Candidate should carefully read the instructions on the back of the OMR RESPONSE SHEET. They should **NOT** write Name, mark, make any stray marking or write anything irrelevant on either side of the OMR RESPONSE SHEET. Remarks other than the Answers and requisite details will be treated as revealing your identity and upon physical verification, if such remarks are found, the OMR RESPONSE SHEET will be invalidated and the candidature cancelled. No rough work should be done on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET. Rough work space provided in the Question Booklet can be used for the same.
3. Candidate should enter correct and complete digits of his/her Roll Number, Booklet Number and other details in the appropriate boxes and darken the corresponding bubbles in the OMR RESPONSE SHEET.
4. Candidate should **NOT** handle his/her OMR RESPONSE SHEET in such a manner as to mutilate, fold etc.
5. This Question Booklet contains **100** questions carrying 1 (one) mark each. Each question contains four responses. **Only one response/answer** for each question should be marked appropriately in the bubble on the OMR RESPONSE SHEET. If more than one response is marked, the answer will be considered wrong.
6. **Candidates are strictly prohibited to possess any book, notebook or loose paper, calculator, mobile phone, any electronic gadget, digital wristwatch etc., inside the Examination Hall, except his/her Unique ID, Admit Card and writing materials only.**
7. Immediately after the final bell, indicating the closure of the Examination, candidates should stop marking answers. Candidates should remain seated till the collection of OMR RESPONSE SHEET by the Invigilator. They will leave the Examination Hall after submission of OMR only after they are permitted by the Invigilator.
8. Violation of any of the above Rules will render the candidate liable to be expelled and disqualified from the Examination and according to the nature and gravity of his/her offence, he/she may be debarred from future Examinations and interviews to be conducted by the Commission and other such organizations.

NB : CANDIDATES ARE ALLOWED TO TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET WITH THEM ONLY AFTER COMPLETION OF 2 (TWO) HOURS OF EXAMINATION TIME.

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

/23-a

SEAL

SEAL

1. Which of the following is **not correctly** matched?

(Cultural Phase)	(Nature of tools used)
[A] Paleolithic	Crude stone tools
[B] Mesolithic	Metal tools
[C] Neolithic	Polished stone tools
[D] Chalcolithic	Copper and Stone tools

2. Which of the following is/are **correct** regarding the humans of the Paleolithic Age?

- [A] They belong to a very primitive age of civilization
- [B] They did not know the use of metal
- [C] They were not aware of agriculture
- [D] All of the above

3. From which of the following regions, the remains of the Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures have been found in a sequence?

- [A] Kashmir Valley
- [B] Krishna Valley
- [C] Belan Valley
- [D] Godavari Valley

4. Which of the following is **correctly** matched?

(Places)	(Findings)
[A] Lothal	Persian Gulf Seal
[B] Mohenjo-daro	Dockyard
[C] Surkotada	Ploughed field
[D] Harappa	Horse remains

5. The most common type of Harappa seal is

- [A] round
- [B] square
- [C] cylindrical
- [D] oval

6. Which part of India is referred to by the name Meluha occurring in Mesopotamian literature?

- [A] Punjab
- [B] Western Uttar Pradesh
- [C] Sind
- [D] Indus region and Saurashtra



7. Lapis Lazuli, a precious blue stone used for bead manufacture during the Harappan civilization came from

- [A] Afghanistan
- [B] Mesopotamia
- [C] Rajasthan
- [D] Punjab

8. Sudas who won the 'Battle of Ten Kings', belonged to the tribe of the

- [A] Yadus
- [B] Turvasas
- [C] Bharatas
- [D] Sivas

9. With reference to later Vedic period, which of the following statements is **incorrect**?

- [A] Hereditary kingship was emerging in this period
- [B] Bali became obligatory in the later Vedic period
- [C] The power of democratic assemblies like Sabha and Samiti increased during this period
- [D] Various theories and ideas on the creation of the universe are mentioned in the later Vedic literature

10. Anga, Magadha, Vatsa and Surasena were among the 16th Mahajanapadas. Arrange the capitals of these Mahajanapadas in order.

- [A] Rajagriha, Ujjain, Shravasti, Kausambi
[B] Rajagriha, Shravasti, Kausambi, Ujjain
[C] Champa, Rajagriha, Kausambi, Mathura
[D] Rajagriha, Champa, Kausambi, Mathura

11. **Assertion (A)** : The oldest coins found in the subcontinent are punch-marked coins.

Reason (R) : These coins had uniform regular shapes, and were made of gold and silver.

- [A] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**
[B] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
[C] **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
[D] **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true

12. The term 'Dharmachakra Pravartana' indicates

- [A] the first Sermon of Buddha
[B] death of Buddha
[C] Buddha's enlightenment
[D] Buddha's renunciation of worldly life

13. The conventional list of samskaras contains

- [A] thirty two samskaras
[B] four samskaras
[C] sixty four samskaras
[D] forty samskaras

14. Which of the following is **correctly** matched?

(Sacrifices)

(Reason)

- [A] Vajapeya To restore the strength of a middle aged king
[B] Rajasuya To imbue the king with divine power
[C] Aswamedha To confer sovereignty on the king
[D] Purushamedha To secure entry into Svargaloka after death

15. The four varnas are mentioned for the first time in the

- [A] Prithvi-Sukta
[B] Taittiriya Samhita
[C] Purusha Sukta
[D] Vajasneyi Samhita

16. In the context of Jainism, 'aparigraha' refers to which of the following?

- [A] To call nothing one's own
[B] Right knowledge
[C] Not to utter any falsehood
[D] To lead a celibate life

17. Which of the following were epics in early Tamil Literature?

- [A] *Tolkappiyam* and *Tirukkural*
[B] *Pattuppattu* and *Ettutogai*
[C] *Nalayiram* and *Devaram*
[D] *Silappatikaram* and *Manimekalai*

18. Which of the following is **correctly** matched?

(Ports)	(Articles of Trade)
[A] Puhar	Cotton
[B] Korkai	Pearl
[C] Muziris	Silk
[D] Poduke	Slaves

19. Who were known for the patronage of the Tamil Sangams?

- [A] The Cholas
- [B] The Cheras
- [C] The Pandyas
- [D] The Pallavas

20. Sallekhana is recommended to

- [A] Ajivika monks
- [B] Jaina monks and pious laymen
- [C] Buddhist monks and pious laymen
- [D] Kapalikas

21. Which of the following statements about the Sabha is **not correct**?

- [A] Women were debarred from attending it
- [B] It was a select body
- [C] It was an elective body
- [D] It was attended by the king

22. In which of the following inscriptions, did Asoka use the term 'dhammavijaya'?

- [A] Meerut Pillar edict
- [B] Bhabru edict
- [C] Kalinga edict
- [D] Thirteen Rock edict



23. A major problem in using the *Arthashastra* as a source of history is the difference of opinion regarding its date and authorship. Which among the following later works support the traditional view of the *Arthashastra*'s age and authorship?

- (i) *Nitisara*
- (ii) *Dasakumaracharita*
- (iii) *Divvyavandana*
- (iv) *Kadambari*

- [A] (i) and (ii) only
- [B] (i), (ii) and (iv) only
- [C] (i), (iii) and (iv) only
- [D] (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv)

24. Samaharta in the Mauryan administration was related to which of the following?

- [A] In charge of maintaining the accounts
- [B] In charge of the royal stores
- [C] In charge of departmental heads
- [D] In charge of women

25. With reference to the administration of the Gupta period, Hiranya refers to

- [A] a tax on permanent tenants
- [B] tax imposed on farmers without any proprietary rights in the soil
- [C] periodical supplies of fruit, firewood and flowers
- [D] King's share of the agricultural produce in cash

26. According to a Chinese source, Meghavarman, the ruler of Sri Lanka, sent a missionary to which among the following rulers for permission to build a Buddhist temple at Gaya?

- [A] Chandragupta
- [B] Samudragupta
- [C] Skandagupta
- [D] Vishnugupta

27. Consider the following statements :

- (i) During the Gupta period, women of the two lower Varnas were given the freedom to earn their livelihood, but this was denied to women of the upper Varnas.
- (ii) Idol worship in the temples became a common feature of Hinduism from the Gupta period onwards.

Which of the statements given above is/are **incorrect**?

- [A] (i) only
- [B] (ii) only
- [C] Both (i) and (ii)
- [D] Neither (i) nor (ii)

28. Consider the following statements :

- (i) Among the Pala, Pratihara and the Rashtrakuta, the largest number of elephants was maintained by the Pala Kings.
- (ii) Large numbers of horses were imported by Rashtrakutas and the Pala Kings by sea from Arabia and West Asia.

Which of the statements given above is/are **correct**?

- [A] (i) only
- [B] (ii) only
- [C] Both (i) and (ii)
- [D] Neither (i) nor (ii)

29. Who among the following rulers defeated Harshavardhana?

- [A] Harisena II
- [B] Govinda I
- [C] Pulakeshin II
- [D] Dhruva III

30. Who among the following had claimed to establish the four-fold Varna systems in the Satavahana Empire?

- [A] Hala
- [B] Pulumayi
- [C] Gautamiputra Satakarni
- [D] Yajna Sri Satakarni

31. Who among the following is the author of *Ashtadhyayi*?

- [A] Vakpati
- [B] Patanjali
- [C] Panini
- [D] Bhavabhuti



32. The chief source of information for the study of Kharavela is

- [A] the Hathigumpha Inscription
- [B] the Mehrauli Inscription
- [C] the Junagarh Inscription
- [D] the Nasik Inscription

33. Arrange the following events in the Early Medieval Period in the **correct** chronological order :

- (i) Govinda II succeeded Krishna to the throne
- (ii) Pallavas of Kanchi were defeated by Dhruva
- (iii) Dharmapala, who was a Pala ruler, sought the help of Govinda III
- (iv) Amoghavarsha I set up a new capital at Manyakheta
- (v) Vishnuvardhana of Vengi was defeated by Krishna I

- [A] (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v)
- [B] (v), (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- [C] (iv), (iii), (ii), (i), (v)
- [D] (v), (iv), (iii), (ii), (i)

34. Which of the following pairs in **List—I** and **List—II** are **correctly** matched?

List—I	List—II
(Rulers)	(Ruling Period)
(i) Indra IV	973-982
(ii) Karka II	972-973
(iii) Govind IV	930-936
(iv) Dhruva Dharavarsha	914-929

- [A] (i), (ii) and (iii) only
- [B] (ii), (iii) and (iv) only
- [C] (i), (iii) and (iv) only
- [D] (ii) and (iv) only

35. The term 'Mandapika' in early medieval India can be related to

- [A] sculptures
- [B] large temples
- [C] centers of trade
- [D] rich merchants

36. Match **List—I** with **List—II** :

List—I	List—II
(Temples)	(Dynasty)
(i) Khajuraho Temples	I. Cholas
(ii) Kailasa Temples	II. Chandellas
(iii) Brihadisvara Temple	III. Pallavas
(iv) Shore Temple	IV. Rashtrakutas
(i)	(ii)
(iii)	(iv)
[A] I II III IV	
[B] II IV I III	
[C] III I IV II	
[D] IV III II I	

37. The Bhakti Saints of Maharashtra were the worshippers of

- [A] Lord Jagannath
- [B] Lord Vitthala
- [C] Lord Virupakhya
- [D] Lord Sri Rama

38. Who described the Arab conquest of Sind as a 'a triumph with results'?

- [A] Robert Sewell
- [B] Vincent A. Smith
- [C] Wolseley Haig
- [D] Stanley Lane-Poole



39. Which of the following pairs in **List—I** and **List—II** are **correctly** matched?

List—I	List—II
(i) Ouwwat-ul-Islam	Mam luk Dynasty
(ii) Alai Darwaza	Khalji Dynasty
(iii) Moti Masjid	Sayyid Dynasty
(iv) Lodi Gardens	Lodi Dynasty

[A] (i), (ii) and (iv) only
 [B] (i) and (ii) only
 [C] (i), (iii) and (iv) only
 [D] (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)

40. Which of the following statements are **correct** related to token currency issued by Sultan Muhammad Tughlaq?

- (i) According to Barani, the metal used for the token coins was copper.
 (ii) Ferishta says it was brass or bronze.
 (iii) While other coins had only Arabic super inscriptions, the token coin had its legends in Persian also.
 (iv) No care was taken to make the legend on the token coins clear and legible.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below :

- [A] (i), (iii), (iv) only
 [B] (i), (ii) and (iii) only
 [C] (ii), (iii) and (iv) only
 [D] (iii) and (iv) only

41. With reference to the Vijaynagara Empire, the term 'Varahas' refers to

- [A] currency
 [B] inscriptions
 [C] water irrigation system
 [D] territory with fixed revenue

42. Match **Column—A** with **Column—B** :

Column—A	Column—B
(i) Tarikh-i-Baihaqi	I. Yahyya Sirhindi
(ii) Futuh-us-Salatin	II. Abdul Malik Isami
(iii) Miftah-us-Futuh	III. Abut Fazal Baihaqi
(iv) Tarikh-i-Mubaraq Shahi	IV. Amir Khusrao

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
[A]	III	II	IV	I
[B]	IV	I	II	III
[C]	II	IV	III	I
[D]	IV	I	III	II

43. Which of the following is the **correct** explanation for the term 'Watan Jagir'?

- [A] Jagirs which were allotted to powerful chieftains by proclaiming their autonomous chiefdoms
 [B] Transferrable Jagirs
 [C] Autonomous as well as transferable Jagirs
 [D] Most remunerative Jagirs

44. Match **Column—A** with **Column—B** :

Column—A	Column—B
(i) Rupit	I. Non-Revenue Paying Estate
(ii) Faringati	II. Wet Land
(iii) Nisjkhiraj	III. Dry Land
(iv) La khiraj	IV. Half Revenue Paying Estate

	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
[A]	II	III	IV	I
[B]	II	IV	III	I
[C]	IV	III	II	I
[D]	III	I	IV	II



45. Sulh-i-kul means

- [A] divine monotheism
- [B] peace for all
- [C] charity for indigent Muslims
- [D] power to pardon



46. Which of the following crops **does not** appear in the detailed crops list of *Ain-i Akbari*?

- [A] Wheat
- [B] Barley
- [C] Maize
- [D] Rice

47. Muhtasib in the Mughal administration was

- [A] a military officer
- [B] a revenue officer
- [C] the officer in charge of public morals
- [D] the officer in charge of royal correspondence

48. Arrange the following battles of Mughal India in a **correct** chronological order :

- (i) Battle of Chausa
- (ii) Battle of Chanderi
- (iii) Battle of Ghaghra
- (iv) Battle of Khanwa
- (v) Battle of Kannauj

- [A] (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v)
- [B] (iv), (iii), (ii), (v), (i)
- [C] (iv), (ii), (iii), (i), (v)
- [D] (iv), (ii), (i), (iii), (v)

49. The greatest painter of birds in the court of Jahangir was

- [A] Basawan
- [B] Mansur
- [C] Bishandas
- [D] Abdus Samad

50. The term 'Pietra Dura' is associated with

- [A] painting
- [B] inlay work
- [C] architecture
- [D] music

51. *Razm Nama* is a Persian translation of

- [A] *The Mahabharata*
- [B] *The Ramayana*
- [C] *The Panchatantra*
- [D] *The Atharvaveda*

52. Who looked after the foreign affairs in the administration of Shivaji?

- [A] Sumant
- [B] Amatya
- [C] Mantri
- [D] Sachiv

53. Who were the allies of Mir Qasim in the battle of Buxar?

- [A] Muzaffar Jung and Muhammad Khan Bangash
- [B] Shuja-ud-daula and Shah Alam II
- [C] Muhammad Ali and the French
- [D] Shuja-ud-daula and Muhammad Ali

54. Who among the following was connected with the uprising of 1857 in Delhi?

- [A] Hazrat Mahal
- [B] Nana Sahib
- [C] Zeenat Mahal
- [D] Kunwar Singh

55. The Vernacular Press Act of 1878 was passed during the time of

- [A] Minto
- [B] Lytton
- [C] Dufferin
- [D] Ripon

56. Which of the following pairs in **List—I** and **List—II** are **correctly** matched?

List—I (Factories)	List—II (European powers)
-------------------------------------	--

- | | |
|-----------------|------------|
| (i) Kasimbazar | Dutch |
| (ii) Cochin | English |
| (iii) Cannanore | Portuguese |
| (iv) Goa | Danish |

- [A] (i) and (iii) only
- [B] (ii) and (iv) only
- [C] (i), (iii) and (iv) only
- [D] (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv)



57. **Assertion (A)** : Assessment forever was the central point in the Permanent Settlement of Bengal introduced in 1793.

Reason (R) : Cornwallis believed that the Zamindar will develop their lands.

- [A] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**
- [B] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
- [C] **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
- [D] **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true

58. For whom did Gandhi launch Satyagraha for the first time in India?

- [A] The mill workers of Bombay
- [B] The peasants of Bardoli
- [C] The mill workers of Ahmedabad
- [D] The peasants working on indigo plantations in Champaran

59. Khudai Khidmatgar means

- [A] servants of God
- [B] servants of people
- [C] servants of the Government
- [D] servants of the pious

60. The election of Jawaharlal Nehru and Subhas Chandra Bose as Congress President for five years between 1929-1939 reflects

- [A] the leftists tendency of the Congress
- [B] superiority of certain castes
- [C] strength of money power
- [D] the influences of fiery speeches

61. Who founded the All India Trade Union Congress?

- [A] P. C. Joshi
- [B] N. M. Joshi
- [C] W. M. Joshi
- [D] C. V. Joshi



62. Two statements are given. Choose the **correct** from the options given below :

Statement I : The Government of India Act, 1935 provided an All India Federation for the first time.

Statement II : This Act provided provincial autonomy to the States.

- [A] Only statement I is correct
- [B] Only statement II is correct
- [C] Both statement I and statement II are correct
- [D] Neither statement I nor statement II is correct

63. Who was **not** a member of the Cabinet Mission Delegation (1946)?

- [A] Clement Attlee
- [B] Pethick Lawrence
- [C] A. V. Alexander
- [D] Stafford Cripps

64. The Servants of India Society was founded by

- [A] G. K. Gokhale
- [B] M. G. Ranade
- [C] B. G. Tilak
- [D] V. D. Savarkar

65. The Partition of Bengal (1905) was annulled by the

- [A] Indian Councils Act of 1909
- [B] Chelmsford-Montague Report
- [C] Proclamation of Delhi Durbar in 1911
- [D] Government of India Act of 1935

66. With reference to the Home Rule Movement during the Indian Freedom Struggle, consider the following statements :

- (i) In his Home Rule Movement, B. G. Tilak linked up the question of Swaraj with the demand for the formation of linguistic States and education in the vernacular.
- (ii) At Allahabad, Jawaharlal Nehru joined Annie Besant's Home Rule Movement.

Which of the statements given above is/ are **correct**?

- [A] (i) only
- [B] (ii) only
- [C] Both (i) and (ii)
- [D] Neither (i) nor (ii)

67. Consider the following events :

- (i) Royal visit of the King Emperor George
- (ii) Partition of Bengal
- (iii) Shimla Deputation
- (iv) Birth of Muslim League

Which one of the following is the **correct** chronological sequence of the above events?

- [A] (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- [B] (ii), (iii), (iv), (i)
- [C] (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)
- [D] (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)

68. Which of the following is **not correctly** matched?

	(Persons)	(The Association formed by them)
[A]	V. R. Shinde	Depressed Class Mission Society of Bombay
[B]	Gopal Hari Deshmukh	Satyashodhak Samaj
[C]	B. R. Ambedkar	All India Depressed Classes Federation
[D]	E. V. Ramasamy	Dravidar Kazhagam

69. Match **List—I** with **List—II** and choose the **correct** answer :

List—I		List—II	
(i)	Subash Chandra Bose	I.	<i>India Wins Freedom</i>
(ii)	Abul Kalam Azad	II.	<i>Whither India</i>
(iii)	Rajendra Prasad	III.	<i>The Indian Struggle</i>
(iv)	Jawaharlal Nehru	IV.	<i>India Divided</i>
	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)		
[A]	I IV III II		
[B]	III II IV I		
[C]	III I IV II		
[D]	IV I II III		

70. Arrange the following treaties signed between the Maratha chiefs and the British East India Company in chronological order.

- (i) Treaty of Surji-Anjangaon
(ii) Treaty of Salbai
(iii) Treaty of Surat
(iv) Treaty of Bassein
- [A] (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
[B] (iii), (ii), (iv), (i)
[C] (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)
[D] (iv), (ii), (iii), (i)

71. Consider the following statements regarding the Lushai Hills. Answer using the options given below.



- (i) Under the Government of India Act, 1919, the Lushai Hills was declared as backward tracts.
(ii) Lushai Hills became excluded area under Government of India Act, 1935.
(iii) The Lushai Hills came to be known as Mizo Hills district from 1972.
(iv) Mizo Hills was declared a Union Territory in 1972.

- (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- [A] True False False False
[B] True False True False
[C] True True False True
[D] False False False True

72. Which of the following statements is **true** regarding Shillong Accord of 1975?

- [A] It was a sixteen-point proposal
[B] It was a five-point agreement
[C] It was a three-point agreement
[D] It was also known as the Hydari agreement

73. 'Operation Rhino' was

- [A] an environmental movement
[B] launched against the ULFA militants
[C] a population count of the Rhinoceros in Assam
[D] launched to check poaching in Kaziranga National Park

74. Nagaland was created as a full-fledged State of the Indian Union in

- [A] 1957
[B] 1963
[C] 1975
[D] 1980

75. The Social Contract Theory is intended to explain

- [A] the purpose of the State
- [B] the origin of the State
- [C] the composition of the State
- [D] the sphere of the State activity

76. How many theses were prepared by Martin Luther denouncing the theory and practice of indulgences?

- [A] Twenty-five
- [B] Ninety-five
- [C] Sixteen
- [D] Forty-two

77. Who painted the Last Supper?

- [A] Raphael
- [B] Titian
- [C] Michelangelo
- [D] Leonardo da Vinci

78. In whose reign, did Reformation make its beginning in England?

- [A] Henry VIII
- [B] Edward VI
- [C] Elizabeth
- [D] James I

79. Which of the following wars contributed to the growth of nationalism in both France and England?

- [A] The Italian Wars
- [B] The Hundred Years' War
- [C] The Wars of the Roses
- [D] The Dutch War of Independence

80. When was the title of the Holy-Roman Emperor abolished?

- [A] 1748
- [B] 1772
- [C] 1789
- [D] 1806



81. "Even if a king is wicked, it means god has sent him as a punishment for people's sins..." Who said this?

- [A] James I
- [B] Charles I
- [C] Charles II
- [D] James II

82. Which of the following countries was **not** involved in the first partition of Poland?

- [A] Russia
- [B] Austria
- [C] Prussia
- [D] Sweden

83. 'Blitzkrieg' means

- [A] lightning war
- [B] wartime economy
- [C] people's war
- [D] naval blockade

84. The Fourteen Points programme (1918) was laid down by

- [A] Theodore Roosevelt
- [B] Harry Truman
- [C] John F. Kennedy
- [D] Woodrow Wilson

85. The Huguenots were

- [A] French Catholics
- [B] German Catholics
- [C] French Protestants
- [D] Danish Protestants

86. Who is regarded as the Prince of Humanists?

- [A] Erasmus
- [B] Dante
- [C] Chaucer
- [D] Petrarch

87. **Assertion (A)** : The French women and the Jacobins viewed the women as the greatest defenders of the French Catholic Church and their faith.

Reason (R) : The French Revolution had a devastating effect on the peasant economy including the peasant women. It became difficult for the women to sell goods in the market and run their households. The many wars that France fought in the aftermath of the revolution took away the sons of these peasant women from the countryside.

- [A] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct statements and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**
- [B] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct statements and **(R)** is not the correct explanation of **(A)**
- [C] **(A)** is a correct statement and **(R)** is an incorrect statement
- [D] **(A)** is an incorrect statement and **(R)** is a correct statement

88. Mercantilism means

- [A] control of merchants over the Governments
- [B] Governmental regulation of economic affairs
- [C] equal distribution of profits among the merchants
- [D] participation of merchants and entrepreneurs in Government

89. Two statements are given below. Choose the **correct** answer from the options given :

Statement I : Statistical and census reports are primary sources.

Statement II : These reports do not require any proper evaluation before the use.

- [A] Only statement I is correct
- [B] Only statement II is correct
- [C] Both statement I and statement II are correct
- [D] Neither statement I nor Statement II is correct

90. Who said, 'History is a science; no less, and no more'?

- [A] Herodotus
- [B] Thucydides
- [C] J. B. Bury
- [D] Polybius



91. **Assertion (A)** : Historical method is a complex process involving search for sources of information, its critical evaluation, synthesis and exposition.

Reason (R) : As a science of knowledge, history is completely separated from natural sciences because it does not have universal laws.

- [A] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**
- [B] Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is not correct explanation of **(A)**
- [C] **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
- [D] **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true

92. Consider the following statements relating to National Historiography.

- (i) Indian national historiography was a reaction to the prejudices of colonial writings.
- (ii) Within the historiography there was a search for Indian identity in various forms covering a wide range of subjects.
- (iii) The main object was not the glorification of India's past.
- (iv) They were necessarily propagandist in nature while defending Indian culture against the unfounded charges of European writers.

Select the **correct** answers from the options given below :

- [A] (i) and (ii) only
- [B] (i), (ii) and (iii) only
- [C] (ii), (iii) and (iv) only
- [D] (iii) and (iv) only

93. The first incumbent of the Post of Borphukan was

- [A] Laluk Sola
- [B] Langi Panisiya
- [C] Lachit Borphukan
- [D] Baduli Borphukan

94. The Kamarupa was a border State of the Gupta Empire which was referred to in

- [A] *The Mahabharata*
- [B] the Allahabad Pillar Inscriptions
- [C] the Nidhanpur Copper Plate Inscriptions
- [D] *The Kalika Purana*

95. The leaders of the Kuomintang party were

- [A] Dr. Sun Yat-sen and Mao Zedong
- [B] Chiang Kai-shek and Mao Zedong
- [C] Dr. Sun Yat-sen and Chiang Kai-shek
- [D] Mao Zedong and Zhou EnLai

96. The rivalry between USA and USSR during the post-second World War period is known as

- [A] Apartheid
- [B] Cold War
- [C] Policy of Non-Alignment
- [D] Lukewarm Policy

97. Which organization came into existence in April 1949?

- [A] SEATO
- [B] CENTO
- [C] NATO
- [D] SAARC

98. When did Apartheid start in South Africa?

- [A] With the arrival of the Dutch in 1652
- [B] When the British gave South Africa its independence in 1910
- [C] With the election of the National Party in 1948
- [D] With the formation of the African National Congress in 1912

99. When was the inner line regulation introduced?

- [A] 1773
- [B] 1873
- [C] 1883
- [D] 1893



100. The first known historical ruler of the Varman Dynasty was

- [A] Balavarman I
- [B] Samudravarman
- [C] Pushyavarman
- [D] Bhaskarvarman

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



SEAL

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SEAL

/23-a



16

DDD24/4(171)—

SEAL