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Series :	Question Bookl	et No. 370041
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	PAPER—II	
Invigilator's Signature	POLITICAL SCIENCE	Candidate's Signature
Гime : 2 Hours		Maximum Marks : 100
ROLL NO.		in an cifordie 197
	INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES	
Candidate should caref They should NOT write either side of the OMR details will be treated as are found, the OMR RE rough work should be d Question Booklet can b		the OMR RESPONSE SHEET, write anything irrelevant on the Answers and requisite verification, if such remarks e candidature cancelled. No h work space provided in the
and other details in the RESPONSE SHEET.	correct and complete digits of his/her Ro appropriate boxes and darken the corresp	ll Number, Booklet Number onding bubbles in the OMR
 Candidate should NOT I fold etc. 	andle his/her OMR RESPONSE SHEET in st	uch a manner as to mutilate,
four responses. Only on	ontains 100 questions carrying 1 (one) mark e the response/answer for each question show R RESPONSE SHEET. If more than one resp g.	uld be marked appropriately
Candidates are strictly prohibited to possess any book, notebook or loose paper, calculator, mobile phone, any electronic gadget, digital wristwatch etc., inside the Examination Hall, except his/her Unique ID, Admit Card and writing materials only.		
except his/her Unique	ID, Admit Card and writing materials only	у.

7. Immediately after the final bell, indicating the closure of the Examination, candidates should stop marking answers. Candidates should remain seated till the collection of OMR RESPONSE SHEET by the Invigilator. They will leave the Examination Hall after submission of OMR only after they are permitted by the Invigilator.

8. Violation of any of the above Rules will render the candidate liable to be expelled and disqualified from the Examination and according to the nature and gravity of his/her offence, he/she may be debarred from future Examinations and interviews to be conducted by the Commission and other such organizations.

NB: CANDIDATES ARE ALLOWED TO TAKE THIS QUESTION BOOKLET WITH THEM ONLY AFTER COMPLETION OF 2 (TWO) HOURS OF EXAMINATION TIME.

DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

/22-**a**



- **1.** Who said negative liberty is prior to positive liberty?
 - [A] J. S. Mill
 - [B] Isaiah Berlin
 - [C] T. H. Green
 - [D] Ernest Barker
- 2. Structural functionalism is primarily
 - [A] a measurement for comparison
 - [B] an ideology of development
 - [C] a framework of investigation
 - [D] a method of governance
- **3.** Around the World, Neo-Liberalism has been imposed by Power Financial Institutions, which of the following is one of such institutions?
 - [A] International Labour Organisation (ILO)
 - [B] United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
 - [C] Inter-American Development Bank (IADB)
 - [D] Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa (BRICS)
- **4.** "The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggle" from which of the following books has this statement been taken?
 - [A] The German Ideology
 - [B] Manifesto of the Communist Party
 - [C] Das Capital
 - [D] A Contribution to the Critique of Political Economy

- **5.** Which among the following is the central theme of Machiavelli's *The Prince?*
 - [A] Princely virtue
 - [B] Justice
 - [C] Philosopher King
 - [D] Civic virtue
- **6.** Who among the following is associated with the 'Theory of Forms'?
 - [A] Polemarchus
 - [B] Glaucon
 - [C] Plato
 - [D] Machiavelli
- **7.** Who amongst the following is a supporter of 'plural voting'?
 - [A] Locke
 - [B] Rousseau
 - [C] J. S. Mill
 - [D] Joseph Schumpeter
- 8. "It was iron and corn, which first civilized men and ruined humanity". Who said?
 - [A] Machiavelli
 - [B] Hobbes
 - [C] Locke
 - [D] Rousseau

- **9.** Who has authored the book *The Poverty* of *Philosophy?*
 - [A] Hegel
 - [B] Karl Marx
 - [C] Gramsci
 - [D] Althusser
- **10.** Who among the following considered 'Life, Liberty and Property' as natural rights?
 - [A] Machiavelli
 - [B] Hobbes



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[C] James Mill

- [D] Locke
- **11.** Who among the following is associated with 'Republicanism'?
 - [A] Niccolo Machiavelli
 - [B] Hobbes
 - [C] Karl Marx
 - [D] J. S. Mill
- **12.** Which is the best form of Government, according to Aristotle?
 - [A] Monarchy
 - [B] Aristocracy
 - [C] Polity
 - [D] Democracy

/22-**a**

- **13.** Who had started two weeklies, the *Karmayogin* and the *Dharma*?
 - [A] Ambedkar
 - [B] Gandhi
 - [C] Sri Aurobindo
 - [D] Ranade
- 14. Gandhi described himself as a
 - [A] liberal
 - [B] socialist
 - [C] social democrat
 - [D] philosophical anarchist
- **15.** Who among the following regarded Buddhism as a moral and tolerant alternative to Marxism?
 - [A] Vivekananda
 - [B] B. R. Ambedkar
 - [C] M. N. Roy
 - [D] Gandhi

List-I

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16. Match the items in List—I with the correct choices in List—II:

List—II

- (a) Jyotiba Phule (i) Brahmo Samaj
- (b) Pandita (ii) Ambedkar Ramabai
- (c) Ram Mohan Roy (iii) Satyashodhak Samaj
- (d) Samaj Samata (iv) Sharda Sadan Sangh
 - [A] (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
 - [B] (a)-(iii), (b)-(i), (c)-(ii), (d)-(iv)
 - [C] (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
 - [D] (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)

- **17.** Who is associated with the idea of 'seven revolutions' or Sapta Kranti?
 - [A] J. P. Narayan
 - [B] R. M. Lohia
 - [C] Subhas Chandra Bose
 - [D] B. G. Tilak
- **18.** The Indian National Social Conference is associated with
 - [A] Ram Mohan Roy
 - [B] Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - [C] Pandita Ramabai
 - [D] Mahadev Govind Ranade
- **19.** Which of the following is **not** associated with Gandhi's views on untouchability?
 - [A] Solution of untouchability lies in the domain of social reform
 - [B] Untouchability should be abolished without compromising on the basic tenets of Hindu religion
 - [C] There cannot be a total annihilation of caste
 - [D] Separate electorate for the depressed classes can give more protection to the untouchables
- **20.** Which newspaper was being known as the *Morning Chronicle* of India?
 - [A] Calcutta Journal
 - [B] Sambad Kaumudi
 - [C] Kesari
 - [D] Jugantor

- **21.** Who was a believer in moderation with regard to social change?
 - [A] M. N. Roy
 - [B] Ambedkar
 - [C] Tilak
 - [D] Vivekananda
- 22. Which of the following is not a work of M. N. Roy?
 - [A] India in Transition
 - [B] India's Message
 - [C] Politics, Power and Parties
 - [D] Problems of Asian Socialism
- **23.** Who is the author of the book *My Transportation for Life?*
 - [A] Tilak
 - [B] Savarkar
 - [C] Vivekananda
 - [D] Aurobindo
- **24.** Who is regarded as one of the earliest scholars of comparative religion?
 - [A] B. R. Ambedkar
 - [B] Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 - [C] Vivekananda
 - [D] M. K. Gandhi
- **25.** Which one of the following is **not** an input function of the political system?
 - [A] Political ethics
 - [B] Interest articulation
 - [C] Political communication
 - [D] Rule adjudication



- **26.** The learning process by which people acquire their opinion and values is called
 - [A] political socialization
 - [B] political culture
 - [C] political behavior
 - [D] public opinion
- 27. According to David Easton, two kinds of political inputs in the Political system are
 - [A] voting and accountability
 - [B] pressure and threat
 - [C] political parties
 - [D] demand and support
- 28. According to Almond and Verba, civic culture contributed to the stability of
 - [A] democracies
 - [B] law and order
 - [C] authority
 - [D] political parties
- 29. Who distinguishes three kinds of authority?
 - [A] C. Merriam
 - [B] David Easton
 - [C] Max Weber
 - [D] Charles Lindblom
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- 30. According to David Easton, the main function of Government is to
 - [A] facilitate in public goods
 - [B] allocate values authoritatively for a whole society
 - [C] guarantee constitutional rights
 - [D] enforce tax to run the system
- 31. 'Credo of Relevance' is a concept associated with
 - [A] modernism
 - [B] behaviouralism
 - [C] rationalism
 - [D] post-behaviouralism
- 32. Who described democracy as "a form of Government in which everyone has a share"?
 - [A] Bryce
 - [B] J. S. Mill
 - [C] John Robert Seeley
 - [D] R. Merton
- **33.** Which of the following established the concept of sovereignty in international law and is considered the birth of the modern Nation-State system?
 - [A] The Magna Carta
 - [B] The Treaty of Ghent
 - [C] The Treaty of Paris
 - [D] The Treaty of Westphalia



- **34.** Central feature of Immanuel Wallerstein's work is
 - [A] world-system analysis
 - [B] regional systems
 - [C] nation



- [D] underdevelopment
- **35.** Which one of the following is an apt description of Bodin's theory of sovereignty?
 - [A] Absolute sovereignty
 - [B] Popular sovereignty
 - [C] Political sovereignty
 - [D] Limited sovereignty
- **36.** Who among the following is associated with feminist critique of realism?
 - [A] Ann Tickner
 - [B] Kant
 - [C] Vandana Shiva
 - [D] Hedley Bull
- 37. NPT is designed to control the
 - [A] spread of nuclear weapons
 - [B] spread of chemical weapons
 - [C] spread of biological weapons
 - [D] spread of conventional weapons

- **38.** Which of the following pairs is *correctly* matched?
 - [A] Realism Anarchical structure
 - [B] Neoliberalism International institutions
 - [C] World system theory Unequal exchange
 - [D] All of the above
- **39.** Which one of the following is an example of third generation human rights?
 - [A] Right to life
 - [B] Right to liberty
 - [C] Right to self-determination
 - [D] Right to equality
- **40.** Which of the following historical events is **not** associated with the Cold War?
 - [A] Cuban Missile Crisis
 - [B] Treaty of Versailles
 - [C] Truman's Doctrine
 - [D] Berline Blockade
- **41.** Structural adjustment programme is designed to promote
 - [A] welfare capitalism
 - [B] democratic accountability
 - [C] market capitalism
 - [D] good governance

- **42.** The concept of 'security dilemma' refers to
 - [A] international insecurity
 - [B] domestic insecurity
 - [C] Both [A] and [B]
 - [D] None of the above
- **43.** Which one of the following pairs is *correctly* matched?

(A	uthors)	(Books)
[A]	E. H. Carr	Perpetual Peace
[B]	Samuel P. Huntington	End of History and the Last Man
[C]	Immanuel Kant	Twenty Years' Crisis, 1919-1939
[D]	Benedict Anderson	Imagined Communities : Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism
	e United Natio erations stand f	ons Peace Keeping for

[A] neutrality

44.

- [B] consent
- [C] minimal use of force
- [D] All of the above
- **45.** Which one of the following is **not** considered as means of neo-colonialism?
 - [A] Foreign Aid
 - [B] International[®] Economic Organizations
 - [C] Multinational Corporations
 - [D] Civil Society

- **46.** The Look (Act) East policy seeks to develop closer economic ties between
 - [A] India and Myanmar
 - [B] India and Japan
 - [C] India and Thailand
 - [D] All of the above
- **47.** Democratic Peace Theory suggests that
 - [A] Democratic States do not fight with Authoritarian States
 - [B] International stability promotes democracy
 - [C] Democratic States do not fight with each other
 - [D] None of the above
- **48.** The concept of 'Cooperation under Anarchy' is associated with
 - [A] neorealism
 - [B] marxism
 - [C] post-modernism
 - [D] neoliberalism

49. Which Article of the Indian Constitution says: "India, that is Bharat, shall be a Union of States"?

- [A] Article 356
- [B] Article 1



- [C] Article 256
- [D] Article 5

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/22-**a**

- **50.** Which of the following is a feature of 73rd Amendment of the Constitution of India?
 - [A] Provision for State Information Commission
 - [B] Provision for State Women Commission
 - [C] Provision for State Planning Commission
 - [D] Provision for State Election Commission
- **51.** Which body first recommended setting up of institutions of Lokpal and Lokayukta for looking into citizens' grievances?
 - [A] Administrative Reforms Commission
 - [B] Aitchison Commission
 - [C] Santhanam Committee on Prevention of Corruption
 - [D] Commission on Review of Administrative Law
- **52.** Who is regarded as the Father of Local Self-Government in modern India?
 - [A] Lord William Bentinck
 - [B] Lord Ripon
 - [C] Lord Lytton
 - [D] Lord Curzon
- **53.** Which Amendment of the Constitution is regarded as the most comprehensive as well as the most controversial one?
 - [A] 42nd Amendment Act, 1976
 - [B] 1st Amendment Act, 1951
 - [C] 7th Amendment Act, 1956
 - [D] 3rd Amendment Act, 1954

- **54.** Financial Year in India commences on which date?
 - [A] 1st of January
 - [B] 1st of February
 - [C] 1st of March
 - [D] 1st of April
- **55.** Which of the following is **not** a characteristic of Development Administration?
 - [A] Change-oriented
 - [B] Flexible and adaptable
 - [C] Highly centralized
 - [D] Participatory
- **56.** On which ground can the courts in India *not* strike down a law?
 - [A] The subject matter of the legislation is beyond the jurisdiction of the legislature which has passed it
 - [B] It is repugnant to the provisions of the Constitution
 - [C] It infringes on any of the Fundamental Rights
 - [D] It is not in accordance with the due process of law
- **57.** Who headed the first non-Congress Government at the Union level in India?
 - [A] Choudhary Charan Singh
 - [B] Morarji Desai
 - [C] Raj Narain
 - [D] E. M. S. Namboodiripad

- **58.** Who among the following was **not** a part of "Lal-Bal-Pal" indicating the 'extremist' faction of the Indian National Congress in early 20th century?
 - [A] Lala Har Dayal
 - [B] Lala Lajpat Rai
 - [C] Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - [D] Bipin Chandra Pal
- **59.** Name the first and only Indian to become Governor-General of India.
 - [A] Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru
 - [B] C. Rajagopalachari
 - [C] Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - [D] Sarojini Naidu
- **60.** Which of the following is **not** an aim of Panchayati Raj in India?
 - [A] Participatory Development
 - [B] Grassroots Democracy
 - [C] Local Autonomy
 - [D] Centralized Planning
- **61.** Which district was separated from Assam as a result of the Partition of India in 1947?
 - [A] Rangpur
 - [B] Mymensingh
 - [C] Sylhet
 - [D] Cooch Behar

- **62.** Which of the following is the finding of the Hawthorne experiments?
 - [A] Workers are social animals; they are not isolated and unrelated individuals
 - [B] Non-economic rewards and sanctions are not significant for workers' behaviour and output
 - [C] The physical conditions of work, not the social and psychological factors at the workplace, determine the employee's morale and output
 - [D] The organisation is not a social system
- 63. The concept of 'Gang-plank' stands for
 - [A] establishing a communication channel with an employees of the higher level
 - [B] establishing a communication channel with an employees of the same level
 - [C] establishing a communication channel with an employees of the lower level
 - [D] establishing a communication channel with other organisations at a critical level
- 64. Who wrote the article A Public Management for All Seasons in 1991?
 - [A] Christopher Pollitt
 - [B] Christopher Goodman



- [C] Christopher Hood
- [D] Michael Jackson

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65. Match *List—I* and *List—II* and select the *correct* answer by using the code given below :

	List—I		List—II
(i)	Herbert A. Simon	P.	The Administrative State
(ii)	Dwight Waldo	Q.	General and Industrial Management
(iii)	C. I. Barnard	R.	Administrative Behaviour
(iv)	Henri Fayol	S.	The Functions of the Executive

Code :

- [A] (i)-P, (ii)-R, (iii)-Q, (iv)-S
- [B] (i)-R, (ii)-P, (iii)-S, (iv)-Q
- [C] (i)-Q, (ii)-S, (iii)-P, (iv)-R
- [D] (i)-S, (ii)-Q, (iii)-R, (iv)-P
- **66.** POSDCORB view of the scope of Public Administration was advocated by
 - [A] Woodrow Wilson
 - [B] Ferrel Heady

[C] Robert Dahl



- [D] Luther Gulick
- **67.** Principles of Public Administration (1927) is authored by
 - [A] W. F. Willoughby
 - [B] F. J. Goodnow
 - [C] Henri Fayol
 - [D] L. D. White
- **68.** Which of the following is **not** a theme of 'New Public Administration' as summarised by Frank Marini?
 - [A] Social Equity
 - [B] Values
 - [C] Facts
 - [D] Relevance

69. Which of the following is **not** a characteristic of the ideal type of legal-rational bureaucracy designed by Max Weber?

- [A] The bureaucrats are subject to authority only in official capacities and they are personally free
- [B] They are selected and appointed on the basis of technical qualifications
- [C] They are organised in a clearly defined hierarchy of offices; each lower office is under the control and supervision of higher one
- [D] They are elected by a clearly defined body of officials for higher positions, if required, by a majority vote
- **70.** Which of the following Autonomous Councils is constituted under the Sixth Schedule of the Constitution of India?
 - [A] Rabha Hasong Autonomous Council
 - [B] The Lai Autonomous District Council
 - [C] Darjeeling Gorkha Autonomous Hill Council
 - [D] Mising Autonomous Council
- **71.** Who is the author of the book Administration in Developing Countries: The Theory of Prismatic Society?
 - [A] Fred W. Riggs
 - [B] Edward Weidner
 - [C] Ramesh K. Arora
 - [D] Robert T. Golembiewski

/22-**a**

- **72.** Which of the following is **not** included in the list of 29 functions (of Panchayats) under the Eleventh Schedule of the Constitution of India?
 - [A] Agriculture including agricultural extension
 - [B] Health and Sanitation including hospitals, primary health centres and dispensaries
 - [C] Police including local law and order, peace and harmony
 - [D] Social Welfare including welfare of the handicapped and mentally retarded
- **73.** Which Articles of the Constitution of India provide for the establishment of the Public Service Commission for the Union and Public Service Commission for each State and also Constitutional arrangements about Commissions?
 - [A] Article 115-123
 - [B] Article 124-131
 - [C] Article 215-223
 - [D] Article 315-323
- **74.** How many principles of organisations were propounded by Henry Fayol?
 - [A] 17
 - [B] 14
 - [C] 11
 - [D] 8
- **75.** Who among the following argued that the Indian Constitution provides a system of Government which is quasifederal?
 - [A] Paul Brass
 - [B] K. C. Wheare
 - [C] Steven Wilkinson
 - [D] James Manor
- /22-**a**

- **76.** Which Amendment to the Indian Constitution introduced the Panchayati Raj Institutions in India?
 - [A] 42nd Amendment
 - [B] 61st Amendment
 - [C] 73rd Amendment
 - [D] None of the above
- **77.** Who is author of the book titled, *India* after Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy?
 - [A] Ivor Jennings
 - [B] Susanne Rudolph
 - [C] Louis Tillin
 - [D] Ramchandra Guha
- **78.** Who is author of the book titled, *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*?
 - [A] Paul Brass
 - [B] Rajani Kothari
 - [C] Granville Austin
 - [D] S. K. Chaube
- **79.** Who is author of the book titled, *The Politics of India Since Independence*?
 - [A] Paul Brass
 - [B] James Manor
 - [C] Bhiku Parekh
 - [D] Upendra Baxi
- **80.** The concept of hegemony is attributed to
 - [A] Karl Marx[B] J. S. Mill



- [C] Antonio Gramsci
- [D] David Easton

- **81.** Which of the following statements is *incorrect*?
 - [A] India is a parliamentary democracy
 - [B] The Prime Minister is the Head of Government
 - [C] The President is the Head of State
 - [D] In a parliamentary democracy, the legislature is drawn from the executive and remains responsible to it
- **82.** Who defined 'Development as Freedom'?
 - [A] M. N. Roy
 - [B] Robert Nozick[C] Amartya Sen



- [D] None of them
- **83.** Which of the following statements is *incorrect*?
 - [A] A person shall not be qualified for appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court of India unless he is a citizen of India
 - [B] No minimum age is prescribed for appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court
 - [C] The Judge of the Supreme Court holds office until he/she attains the age of 65 years
 - [D] The Judge of the Supreme Court may resign his office by writing addressed to the Prime Minister
- **84.** Which of the following is **not** matched **correctly**?
 - [A] Confronting the Nani G State Mahanta
 - [B] The Periphery ^b Udayon Misra Strikes Back
 - [C] Durable Disorder Sanjib Baruah
 - [D] India Against James Manor Itself

- 85. Call for 'Total Revolution' was given by
 - [A] Anna Hazare
 - [B] Kaka Kalelkar
 - [C] Ram Manohar Lohia
 - [D] Jai Prakash Narayan
- **86.** Goa was liberated in 1961 from which colonial power?
 - [A] France
 - [B] Netherlands
 - [C] Portugal
 - [D] Spain
- **87.** Which of the following is **not** matched **correctly**?
 - [A] Article 352 Proclamation of
 - [B] Article 3 Creation of new
 - [C] Article 5 Citizenship
 - [D] Article 52 Fundament
 - 2 Fundamental Duties

States

- **88.** Who propounded the theory of distributive justice?
 - [A] Mahatma Gandhi
 - [B] Plato
 - [C] Michel Foucault
 - [D] John Rawls
- **89.** Which Article of the Constitution of India upholds Right to Constitutional Remedies?
 - [A] Article 32
 - [B] Article 33
 - [C] Article 34
 - [D] Article 35
- **90.** Who among the following is associated with Neo-Liberalism?
 - [A] Adam Smith
 - [B] John Stuart Mill
 - [C] F. A. Hayek
 - [D] Harold Laski

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- **91.** Who among the following is a Marxist Feminist?
 - [A] Betty Friedan
 - [B] Eva Enslev
 - [C] Mary Wollstonecraft
 - [D] Clara Zetkin
- **92.** Who is the author of the book *The Dialectic of Sex?*
 - [A] Shulamith Firestone
 - [B] Germaine Greer
 - [C] Kate Millett
 - [D] Mary Wollstonecraft
- **93.** The term 'religious fundamentalism' originated in
 - [A] Iran
 - [B] United States of America
 - [C] India
 - [D] France
- **94.** Who developed "The Trusteeship Philosophy"?
 - [A] Jawaharlal Nehru
 - [B] Mahatma Gandhi
 - [C] Surendranath Banerjee
 - [D] Mother Teresa
- **95.** Which of the following is **not** a feature of the Welfare State?
 - [A] Welfare State believes in showing respect to rights and personality of all the people
 - [B] Welfare State opposes free economy
 - [C] Welfare State emphasizes on the welfare of all the people
 - Welfare State emphasizes more on work force rather than welfare policy

- **96.** Identify the author of the book *Multicultural Citizenship.*
 - [A] Will Kymlicka
 - [B] John Rawls
 - [C] J. S. Mill
 - [D] None of them
- 97. 'Metanarrative' is related to
 - [A] Feminism
 - [B] Postmodernism
 - [C] Environmentalism
 - [D] Modernism
- **98.** Arunachal Pradesh gained full statehood on
 - [A] January 20, 1972
 - [B] February 20, 1987
 - 5 ...,
 - [C] January 26, 1950
 - [D] February 20, 1978
- **99.** Which of the following is **not** regarded as an effective method of teaching Political Science?
 - [A] Lecture method
 - [B] Discussion method
 - [C] Debate method
 - [D] Laboratory Experiment method
- **100.** Who is the *ex-officio* Chairman of the Rajya Sabha?
 - [A] The Vice-President of India
 - [B] The President of India
 - [C] The Speaker of Lok Sabha
 - [D] The Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

/22-**a**



15



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



/22-**a**





DDD24/4(171)—

FINAL ANSWER KEY OF LECTURER (DIET) 2024 POLITICAL SCIENCE SET- A

Q NO.	ANS
1	B C
2	С
3	С
4	C B A
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	А
6	C C D
7	С
8	D
9	В
10	D A C C D B A
11	А
12	С
13	С
14	D
15	В
16	А
17	B D
18	D
19	D
20 21	В
21	D
22	D
23	В
24 25	В
25	D

Q NO.	ANS
26	А
27	D
28	А
29	С
30	В
31	D
32	С
33	D
34	А
35	А
36	А
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	А
38	D
39	С
40	В
41	С
42	А
43	D
44	D
45	D
46	D
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	A D A C B D C D A A A A D C B C B C B C A D D D D D D D D D D
48	D
49 50	В
50	D

Q NO.	ANS
51	А
52	В
53	А
54	D
51 52 53 54 55	С
56	D
57	В
56 57 58	BADCDBABCABCBCB
59	В
60	D
61	С
62	А
63	В
64	С
65	В
66	D
67	D A C D B
68	С
69	D
70	В
71	А
72	С
73 74 75	D
74	В
75	В

Q NO.	ANS
76	С
77	D
Q NO. 76 77 78	C D C A C D C D D D D C
79	А
80	С
81	D
82	С
83	D
84	D
85	D
86	С
87	D
88	D
89	А
90	С
91	D
92	А
93	В
94	D A C D A B B
95	D
96	D A
97	B B D
98	В
99	D
100	А