



DO NOT OPEN THE SEAL UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

Invigilator's Signature

**LDCE/SO/2025
PAPER—I**

200109

Question Booklet
Number

Candidate's Signature

Series :

a

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 180

ROLL NO.

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LDCE/SO/EXAM. 2025/131-**a**



1. He _____ to Mumbai twice.

- [A] went
- [B] had went
- [C] has gone
- [D] was gone

2. Change into indirect speech :

She said, "I am reading."

- [A] She said she is reading.
- [B] She said she was reading.
- [C] She told she was reading.
- [D] She told she is reading.

3. If I _____ you, I would accept the offer.

- [A] was
- [B] be
- [C] am
- [D] were

4. The bus _____ before we reached.

- [A] left
- [B] has left
- [C] had left
- [D] leaves

5. Spot the error :

"Each of the girls have done their work."

- [A] Each
- [B] girls
- [C] have
- [D] work

6. Choose the **correct** form of the verb :

He _____ to school everyday.

- [A] go
- [B] going
- [C] gone
- [D] goes



7. Identify the **correct** sentence :

- [A] He don't like juice.
- [B] He doesn't like juice.
- [C] He doesn't likes juice.
- [D] He not like juice.

8. The manager, along with his assistants, _____ arriving soon.

- [A] are
- [B] is
- [C] was
- [D] were

9. Choose the **correct** article :

She is _____ honest woman.

- [A] the
- [B] a
- [C] an
- [D] None of the above

10. The Prime Minister _____ the G20 Summit in Delhi.

- [A] inaugurated
- [B] inaugurates
- [C] inaugurating
- [D] inaugurate



11. India _____ won the war.

- [A] has
- [B] have
- [C] are
- [D] were

12. He is good _____ mathematics.

- [A] in
- [B] on
- [C] with
- [D] at

13. If the monsoon fails, the crops _____ affected.

- [A] will be
- [B] were
- [C] is
- [D] being

14. Convert to passive voice :

“They are building a bridge.”

- [A] A bridge has been built by them.
- [B] A bridge was being built by them.
- [C] A bridge is being built by them.
- [D] A bridge will be built by them.

15. India is rich _____ cultural heritage.

- [A] of
- [B] in
- [C] with
- [D] for

16. The boys were waiting _____ the bus stop.

- [A] in
- [B] on
- [C] near
- [D] at



17. She did not _____ the report.

- [A] writes
- [B] write
- [C] wrote
- [D] writing

18. The chief engineer approved the plan _____ some changes.

- [A] but
- [B] despite
- [C] with
- [D] of

19. This year's festival celebration was _____ than last year's.

- [A] more grand
- [B] grander
- [C] most grand
- [D] grand

20. The weather is sunny, _____?

- [A] isn't it
- [B] is it
- [C] hasn't it
- [D] wasn't it

21. This is the stadium _____ Gavaskar played his last match.

[A] where

[B] that

[C] which

[D] whose



22. The train passes _____ the tunnel.

[A] on

[B] across

[C] in

[D] through

23. Improve the following sentence :

He did not knew the answer.

[A] has not knew

[B] did not know

[C] does not knew

[D] had not knew

24. The bill was passed _____ delay.

[A] without

[B] by

[C] in

[D] over

25. Choose the **correct** comparative form :

This movie is _____ than that one.

[A] most interesting

[B] more interesting

[C] interesting

[D] interested

26. Neither Rohit nor his friends _____ attending the event.

[A] is

[B] are

[C] be

[D] were

27. She _____ here since morning.

[A] will be

[B] had been

[C] has been

[D] was

28. Synonym of 'abundant' is

[A] scarce

[B] plentiful

[C] rare

[D] few

29. Antonym of 'bravery' is

- [A] courage
- [B] strength
- [C] confidence
- [D] fear

30. Meaning of idiom 'at the eleventh hour' is

- [A] very early
- [B] very late
- [C] at 11 O'clock
- [D] always

31. The **correct** spelling is

- [A] launching
- [B] lonching
- [C] launshing
- [D] lounching

32. Antonym of 'optimistic' is

- [A] hopeful
- [B] cheerful
- [C] pessimistic
- [D] confident

33. Select similar meaning of 'vigilant'.

- [A] Careless
- [B] Watchful
- [C] Energetic
- [D] Tired

34. The news _____ shocking.

- [A] be
- [B] were
- [C] are
- [D] is

35. 'To hit the headlines' means

- [A] to become famous in the news
- [B] to get hit
- [C] to criticise
- [D] to resign

36. Synonym of 'heritage' is

- [A] war
- [B] poverty
- [C] tradition
- [D] politics



37. 'Bureaucracy' means

- [A] redtape
- [B] democracy
- [C] monarchy
- [D] stereotype

38. Antonym of 'transparent' is

- [A] honest
- [B] visible
- [C] clear
- [D] opaque

39. Synonym of 'vibrant' is

- [A] dull
- [B] energetic
- [C] lazy
- [D] calm



40. 'Pandemic' means

- [A] lung disease
- [B] widespread epidemic
- [C] mild illness
- [D] seasonal disease

41. 'Subsidy' means

- [A] Government financial support
- [B] bank loan
- [C] profit
- [D] donation

42. Antonym of 'urbanisation' is

- [A] industrialisation
- [B] ruralisation
- [C] modernisation
- [D] globalisation

43. 'Abolish' means

- [A] build
- [B] cancel
- [C] support
- [D] approve

Reading Comprehension

Passage 1 – National Heritage (Question Nos. 44–48) :

"India's cultural landscape is a blend of countless languages, traditions, and faiths that coexist harmoniously."

44. The main theme of the passage is

- [A] cultural barriers
- [B] political rivalry
- [C] religious dominance
- [D] unity amid diversity

45. 'Blend' means

- [A] separation
- [B] mixture
- [C] contrast
- [D] rejection

46. The tone in the passage is

- [A] admiring
- [B] analytical
- [C] humorous
- [D] casual

47. The passage suggests that

- [A] India struggles with diversity
- [B] harmony prevails despite differences
- [C] regionalism dominates daily life
- [D] traditions are lost

48. Synonym of 'coexist' is

- [A] separate
- [B] quarrel
- [C] live together
- [D] vanish

Reading Comprehension

Passage 2 – Technology and Society (Question Nos. 49–53) :

“Technology connects the world instantly. Yet, communication’s emotional depth often weakens when physical presence disappears.”

49. The main idea of the passage is
- [A] technology improves emotion
 - [B] digital links lack real depth
 - [C] machines feel emotion
 - [D] people avoid meetings
50. Tone of author in this passage is
- [A] sarcastic
 - [B] angry
 - [C] reflective
 - [D] humorous
51. ‘Emotional depth’ refers to
- [A] human connection
 - [B] online storage
 - [C] technical problem
 - [D] media speed
52. Author suggests that
- [A] technology must replace meetings
 - [B] human contact is still vital
 - [C] emotions are irrelevant
 - [D] machines communicate well
53. Synonym of ‘instant’ is
- [A] delayed
 - [B] immediate
 - [C] slow
 - [D] careful



Reading Comprehension

Passage 3 – Education and Social Change (Question Nos. 54–58) :

“Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world. It helps individuals to think critically, make informed decisions, and contribute positively to society.”

54. According to the passage, education helps individuals to
- [A] obey blindly
 - [B] think critically
 - [C] avoid decisions
 - [D] None of the above
55. The word ‘powerful’ means
- [A] weak
 - [B] insignificant
 - [C] influential
 - [D] breakable
56. Which of the following is the main idea of the passage?
- [A] Education makes people rich
 - [B] Education can change the world
 - [C] Education is easy
 - [D] Education is unnecessary
57. The tone of the passage is
- [A] negative
 - [B] persuasive
 - [C] humorous
 - [D] critical
58. The author’s purpose is to
- [A] emphasize the value of education
 - [B] discourage learning
 - [C] promote entertainment
 - [D] criticize schools

Reading Comprehension

Passage 4 – Sustainable Agriculture (Question Nos. 59–63) :

“Sustainable farming uses natural methods like crop rotation and compost. It saves soil, cuts costs, and protects biodiversity.”

59. Sustainable farming avoids
- [A] chemical excess
 - [B] organic manure
 - [C] local seeds
 - [D] compost
60. Sustainable farming helps conserve
- [A] water only
 - [B] metal
 - [C] energy
 - [D] soil
61. The word biodiversity means
- [A] variety of life
 - [B] single crop
 - [C] forest cutting
 - [D] group of animals only
62. One benefit of the sustainable agriculture is
- [A] deforestation
 - [B] more pollution
 - [C] soil protection
 - [D] costly inputs
63. The message of the passage is to
- [A] protect nature
 - [B] increase waste
 - [C] use chemicals
 - [D] harm soil

64. The meeting was postponed _____ unforeseen circumstances.’
- [A] in
 - [B] owing to
 - [C] due
 - [D] for
65. Choose the best email closing for a formal message :
- [A] Best regards
 - [B] Yours lovingly
 - [C] With joy
 - [D] With love
66. ‘Kindly revert soon’ — in an official context, revert means
- [A] go back
 - [B] reply
 - [C] reflect
 - [D] receive
67. Formal vocabulary ‘adjourn’ means
- [A] end temporarily
 - [B] postpone permanently
 - [C] cancel
 - [D] continue
68. ‘The file has been forwarded for necessary action’ means
- [A] work is done
 - [B] further steps must be taken
 - [C] it is cancelled
 - [D] it is accepted



69. The **correct** salutation for an email to senior officer is

- [A] Hello Sir/Madam
- [B] Hello Boss
- [C] Dear Respected
- [D] Dear Sir/Madam

70. 'As per GOI guidelines' means

- [A] according to the Government of India guidelines
- [B] ignoring Government rules
- [C] rejecting policies
- [D] after approval

71. 'FYI' means

- [A] Fill Your Inputs
- [B] From Your Inbox
- [C] Feed Your Idea
- [D] For Your Information

72. 'Annexure' refers to

- [A] attached or additional document
- [B] rough draft
- [C] policy paper
- [D] printout

73. 'D.O. letter' stands for

- [A] Demi-Official Letter
- [B] Departmental Order
- [C] Daily Output
- [D] Director's Office

74. 'Forwarding note' means

- [A] letter of request
- [B] recommendation on file
- [C] apology
- [D] closing summary

75. Which of the following is a proper closing for a formal letter?

- [A] Yours faithfully
- [B] Lovingly
- [C] With love
- [D] See you later

76. 'Veteran' means

- [A] learner
- [B] beginner
- [C] intern
- [D] experienced person

77. 'Draft' means

- [A] preliminary version of a document
- [B] approved file
- [C] record note
- [D] duplicate



78. 'Inter-Governmental' means

- [A] non-official
- [B] within departments
- [C] between Governments
- [D] under private control

79. 'Please find enclosed' is commonly used in

- [A] diary entry
- [B] official letter
- [C] comic story
- [D] dialogue

80. Synonym of 'directive' in administrative use is

- [A] rule
- [B] hobby
- [C] order
- [D] suggestion

81. 'Minutes of the meeting' refers to

- [A] time taken
- [B] written record
- [C] oral talk
- [D] summary only

82. The **correct** formal apology phrase is

- [A] sorry
- [B] regret for the inconvenience
- [C] oops!
- [D] my bad

83. In administrative use, 'hereby' means

- [A] from here
- [B] nearby
- [C] near the place
- [D] by this statement

84. 'The undersigned' means

- [A] the writer himself
- [B] any officer
- [C] subordinate
- [D] addressee



85. 'Enclosed herewith' belongs to

- [A] informal writing
- [B] formal correspondence
- [C] request
- [D] order

86. Best formal replacement for 'get' is

- [A] obtain
- [B] grab
- [C] snatch
- [D] take

87. 'As per your request' means

- [A] because you asked
- [B] following your wish
- [C] since requested
- [D] All of the above

88. 'CC' in email stands for

- [A] Carbon Copy
- [B] Confidential Copy
- [C] Clear Copy
- [D] Courtesy Copy

89. Choose the **correct** abbreviation meaning for 'regarding':

- [A] FYI :
- [B] PS :
- [C] RE :
- [D] ASAP :

90. 'Under consideration' means

- [A] already approved
- [B] under examination
- [C] rejected
- [D] finalised

91. 'Perusal' means

- [A] quick glimpse
- [B] careful reading
- [C] understand
- [D] memorising

92. Meaning of *status quo* is

- [A] improvement
- [B] change
- [C] rejected
- [D] existing state of affairs

93. 'Noting' in the Secretariat procedure means

- [A] a remark on file
- [B] a musical note
- [C] a law section
- [D] a report

94. In administrative writing, 'expedite' means

- [A] delay
- [B] speed up
- [C] cancel
- [D] ignore

95. You are requested to _____ the instructions.

- [A] follow
- [B] follows
- [C] be follow
- [D] followed

96. 'Preamble' means

- [A] appendix
- [B] conclusion
- [C] introductory statement
- [D] example

97. 'Nominee' means

- [A] designated person
- [B] random person
- [C] opponent
- [D] committee head

98. 'Pending approval' means

- [A] obsolete
- [B] approved earlier
- [C] rejected
- [D] awaiting sanction



99. 'May I draw your attention to...' is

- [A] formal request
- [B] order
- [C] complaint
- [D] explanation

100. 'Budgetary allocation' refers to

- [A] pending bill
- [B] total income
- [C] loss estimate
- [D] funds kept for a specific purpose

101. The executive power of the State of Arunachal Pradesh is vested in the

- [A] Chief Minister
- [B] Council of Ministers
- [C] Governor
- [D] Chief Secretary



102. The Council of Ministers is collectively responsible to the

- [A] Governor
- [B] Legislative Assembly of the State
- [C] President of India
- [D] Chief Secretary

103. The 'Transaction of Business' in Government of Arunachal Pradesh is regulated by

- [A] the Secretariat Manual of Office Procedure
- [B] the Rules of Executive Business framed under Article 166(3)
- [C] the Conduct of Business Rules
- [D] the Governor's Executive Orders

104. Under the Arunachal Pradesh Secretariat Manual of Office Procedure, files requiring the approval of the Council of Ministers are routed through the

- [A] Deputy Secretary
- [B] Chief Secretary
- [C] Chief Minister's Office
- [D] Personal Secretary to the Governor

105. In the Secretariat system, the Chief Secretary primarily functions as the

- [A] Head of Political Executive
- [B] Head of State Civil Services and Secretary to the Council of Ministers
- [C] Financial Adviser
- [D] Legal Adviser

106. The Arunachal Pradesh Secretariat functions as the

- [A] Head Office of the District Administration
- [B] Chief policy-making and Coordinating agency of the State Government
- [C] Field office for public service delivery
- [D] Judicial branch of the State

107. The main role of the Secretariat is to

- [A] implement schemes directly in the field
- [B] frame policies, rules and procedures
- [C] enforce laws in districts
- [D] supervise courts

108. In the Secretariat hierarchy, which of the following is the **correct** order (highest to lowest)?

- [A] Secretary → Deputy Secretary → Under Secretary → Section Officer → Assistant
- [B] Deputy Secretary → Secretary → Under Secretary → Section Officer → Assistant
- [C] Chief Secretary → Secretary → Section Officer → Under Secretary → Assistant
- [D] Secretary → Section Officer → Under Secretary → Deputy Secretary → Assistant

109. Who ensures that cases put up to higher officers are complete in all respects?

- [A] Assistant
- [B] Section Officer
- [C] Under Secretary
- [D] Stenographer

110. The duties of an Under Secretary primarily include

- [A] routine correspondence
- [B] policy formulation
- [C] examining cases and submitting them to higher officers with recommendations
- [D] maintaining registers and files

111. Who coordinates inter-departmental matters and advises the Chief Minister on administrative issues?

- [A] Secretary (General Administration)
- [B] Chief Secretary
- [C] Cabinet Secretary
- [D] Deputy Secretary

112. Cabinet memoranda from various departments are vetted and coordinated by

- [A] Chief Minister's Office
- [B] Chief Secretary's Office
- [C] Departmental Secretary only
- [D] Governor's Secretariat

113. The Secretariat Manual of Office Procedure mainly prescribes

- [A] financial rules of the State
- [B] recruitment rules of Secretariat staff
- [C] standard procedures for office work, file movement, noting and drafting
- [D] election procedures

114. All incoming DAK in the Secretariat is first received in the

- [A] section concerned
- [B] Central Registry / Receipt & Issue Section
- [C] Under Secretary's Office
- [D] personal cell of the Minister

115. What should be done with DAK marked 'Immediate' or 'Urgent'?

- [A] Sent with ordinary DAK
- [B] Sent through Special Messenger immediately
- [C] Kept for next day's issue
- [D] Sent after routine registration

116. 'Noting' in Secretariat practice means

- [A] recording decisions of meetings
- [B] writing comments, suggestions, or opinions on a case file
- [C] preparing a draft letter
- [D] making official reports

117. A 'draft' in Secretariat language refers to

- [A] a preliminary note
- [B] a communication proposed to be issued
- [C] a rough sketch of a project
- [D] an unapproved proposal



118. Before issuing any draft, it should be

- [A] approved by the Section Officer only
- [B] seen and approved by the appropriate higher officer
- [C] sent directly to dispatch
- [D] issued verbally

119. Which of the following is **not** a standard type of Government correspondence?

- [A] Demi-Official letter
- [B] Office Memorandum
- [C] Telegram
- [D] Notification

120. A 'file' in Secretariat practice means

- [A] a set of correspondence only
- [B] collection of papers on a specific subject arranged together
- [C] a binder for storing notes
- [D] a single communication

121. 'Top Secret' classification is used for documents
- [A] of routine importance
 - [B] involving minor administrative details
 - [C] whose unauthorized disclosure may cause serious damage to national security
 - [D] related to internal transfers
122. Confidential or Secret files should be kept
- [A] in open shelves for easy access
 - [B] in the section record room
 - [C] in double-locked steel almirahs under personal custody of officer concerned
 - [D] with assistants for quick disposal
123. Before destroying any record, the section must obtain approval from
- [A] Stenographer
 - [B] Record Keeper only
 - [C] Head of the Department / competent authority
 - [D] Dispatch clerk
124. The main objective of 'Check on Delay' in Secretariat work is to
- [A] increase supervision
 - [B] ensure speedy disposal of cases and improve efficiency
 - [C] reduce staff strength
 - [D] prepare annual reports

125. Cases pending beyond the prescribed period should be brought to the notice of
- [A] Record Keeper
 - [B] Head Assistant
 - [C] Branch Officer (Under Secretary or above)
 - [D] Peon in charge of DAK
126. What is the purpose of maintaining a Pending Cases' Register in each section?
- [A] To record attendance
 - [B] To track all cases awaiting disposal and monitor their progress
 - [C] To keep a list of destroyed files
 - [D] To maintain financial records
127. The Chief Secretary's office reviews delays in departments through
- [A] monthly progress reports
 - [B] spot inspections only
 - [C] casual discussions
 - [D] written complaints
128. The purpose of Secretariat inspection is to
- [A] check attendance of staff only
 - [B] verify physical infrastructure
 - [C] ensure efficiency, adherence to office procedure and prompt disposal of work
 - [D] prepare performance appraisal



129. The follow-up action on inspection reports is reviewed by

- [A] Office Superintendent only
- [B] Deputy Secretary or Joint Secretary of the Department
- [C] Chief Minister's Office
- [D] Record Section



130. In Secretariat inspections, particular attention is paid to

- [A] cleanliness of offices only
- [B] staff welfare matters only
- [C] file discipline, noting, record maintenance and timely disposal
- [D] financial audit exclusively

131. Official correspondence in the Secretariat broadly refers to

- [A] personal communication between officers
- [B] written communications exchanged by the Government in the course of official business
- [C] private correspondence of Ministers
- [D] notes on files

132. The main forms of Government correspondence are

- [A] letters and telegrams
- [B] official letters, office memoranda, demi-official letters, circulars and notifications
- [C] notices and bills
- [D] confidential memos only

133. A Circular is typically issued when

- [A] individual decision is communicated
- [B] information must reach multiple offices or sections
- [C] only one officer needs to be informed
- [D] a confidential matter must be discussed

134. Questions raised by Members of the Legislative Assembly are meant to

- [A] criticize the Government
- [B] obtain information on matters of public interest related to the State Government
- [C] replace debates
- [D] test the efficiency of clerks

135. An oral (starred) question requires

- [A] only a written reply
- [B] an oral answer in the House followed by supplementary questions
- [C] no answer at all
- [D] circulation of a note

136. If the question concerns more than one department, coordination is done by

- [A] Chief Secretary's Office or Department of Parliamentary Affairs
- [B] Assembly Secretariat
- [C] Finance Department
- [D] the Main Department only

137. In the case of Parliamentary questions addressed to the Central Government involving the State, replies are prepared

- [A] by the Parliament Secretariat
- [B] by the concerned State Department and sent through the Chief Secretary to the Government of India
- [C] by MLAs
- [D] by private secretaries

138. The main objective of E-Governance is

- [A] to computerize only high-level offices
- [B] to use ICT for efficient, transparent and accountable governance
- [C] to replace officials with computers
- [D] to privatize Government functions

139. E-Office is a

- [A] physical office building
- [B] web-based workflow automation system for Government offices
- [C] type of accounting software
- [D] video conferencing app

140. Which organisation developed the E-Office application for Government of India?

- [A] NIC (National Informatics Centre)
- [B] NITI Aayog
- [C] Ministry of Home Affairs
- [D] NeGD (National e-Governance Division)

141. Which of the following is a non-justiciable Fundamental Rights?

- [A] Right to Freedom
- [B] Right Against Exploitation
- [C] Right to Equality
- [D] None of the above

142. Which of the following is **not** a Fundamental Duty as provided in Article 51A?

- [A] To defend the country and render national service when called upon to do so
- [B] To safeguard public property and to abjure violence
- [C] To strive for social and economic betterment of poor
- [D] To value and preserve the rich heritage of our composite culture

143. The electoral college for the election of the President of India consists of

- [A] all the members of the Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha
- [B] all the members of the Parliament and State Legislative Assemblies
- [C] the elected members of both the Houses of Parliament and the elected members of the State Legislative Assemblies
- [D] the elected members of the Lok Sabha and the Council of Ministers



144. Which of the following is considered as restatement of the ideals as outlined in the Preamble?

- [A] The Fundamental Duties
- [B] The Directive Principles of State Policy
- [C] The Fundamental Rights
- [D] The Constituent Assembly

145. Which of the following is **correct** in relation to Article 15 of the Indian Constitution?

- [A] Prohibition of discrimination by the State on the ground of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth
- [B] Abolition of untouchability
- [C] Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment
- [D] Rights of minorities to run educational institutions

146. The Council of Ministers in India consists of

- [A] the Prime Minister and Cabinet Ministers
- [B] the Prime Minister, President and Vice President
- [C] the Prime Minister and other Ministers
- [D] the Prime Minister, President and Speaker

147. Which of the following Schedules deals with the provisions of disqualification on ground of defection?

- [A] The Sixth Schedule
- [B] The Tenth Schedule
- [C] The Eighth Schedule
- [D] The Twelfth Schedule



148. Which of the following Articles of the Indian Constitution deals with reservation for ST/SC to services and posts?

- [A] Article 335
- [B] Article 332
- [C] Article 342
- [D] Article 330

149. The idea of Fundamental Rights was taken from the

- [A] British Convention
- [B] Swiss Constitution
- [C] US Constitution
- [D] Constitution of Australia

150. The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes is an Indian Constitutional Body established in

- [A] 2010
- [B] 2008
- [C] 2004
- [D] 1996

151. The Prime Minister is the head of the

- [A] Government
- [B] State
- [C] State and Government
- [D] Sovereign

152. Which of the following conducts the election of the office of the President?

- [A] The Vice President of India
- [B] The Chief Justice of India
- [C] The Election Commission of India
- [D] The Speaker of Lok Sabha

153. If a person **does not** happen to be a member of any House at the time of his inclusion in Cabinet, he must acquire membership within a period of

- [A] one year
- [B] one month
- [C] five months
- [D] six months



154. Which of the following is **correct** in relation to Gram Sabha?

- [A] All elected members of Gram Sabha/Gram Panchayat
- [B] All the elected Gram Parishad Members
- [C] All the registered voters of Village Panchayat
- [D] All the members of Sarpanch above 21 years

155. The Eleventh Schedule has been added to the Constitution by the

- [A] 84th Amendment Act
- [B] 76th Amendment Act
- [C] 56th Amendment Act
- [D] 73rd Amendment Act

156. Which of the following is **not** a State service?

- [A] Health Service
- [B] Educational Service
- [C] State Forest Service
- [D] Postal Service

157. If the Panchayat is dissolved, elections are to be held within

- [A] two months
- [B] six months
- [C] one year
- [D] four months

158. The Governor holds the office at the pleasure of the

- [A] Constitution of India
- [B] President
- [C] Chief Minister
- [D] Prime Minister

159. Under which Article the Governor can promulgate ordinance?

- [A] Article 216
- [B] Article 213
- [C] Article 157
- [D] Article 310

160. The minimum age required to be appointed as a Governor is

- [A] 21 years
- [B] 26 years
- [C] 35 years
- [D] 30 years

161. Who administers the oath of office to the Chief Minister?

- [A] The Chief Justice
- [B] The Chief Secretary
- [C] The Governor
- [D] The President

162. Who appoints the Chairman and the Members of the State Public Service Commission?

- [A] The Governor
- [B] The Chief Minister
- [C] The Chief Justice
- [D] The Chief Secretary

163. The member of Election Commission has a term of

- [A] five years
- [B] six years
- [C] four years
- [D] eight years

164. The members of UPSC can serve up to the age of

- [A] 58 years
- [B] 60 years
- [C] 65 years
- [D] 62 years

165. The members of the State Public Service Commission can serve in the office up to

- [A] 60 years
- [B] 65 years
- [C] 62 years
- [D] 58 years

166. Who among the following is the Ex-Officio Chairman of Rajya Sabha?

- [A] The Vice President of India
- [B] The Speaker of Lok Sabha
- [C] The President of India
- [D] The Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha



167. Part XVI of the Indian Constitution deals with

- [A] district administration
- [B] reservation of the weaker section in legislature
- [C] special provisions relating to certain classes
- [D] Finance Commission of India

168. What is the strength of State Public Service Commission?

- [A] Eight members including the Chairman
- [B] Varies from State to State
- [C] Five members excluding the Chairman
- [D] Varies from exam to exam

169. Which Article of the Directive Principles of State Policy in the Indian Constitution refers to Village Panchayat?

- [A] Article 18
- [B] Article 20
- [C] Article 36
- [D] Article 40

170. Which of the following constitutional Amendments removed 'Right to Property' from the list of Fundamental Rights?

- [A] 44th Amendment
- [B] 42nd Amendment
- [C] 24th Amendment
- [D] 82nd Amendment



171. The maximum age limit for voting in India in Parliamentary Election is

- [A] No age limit
- [B] above 100 years
- [C] 92 years
- [D] after 85 years

172. The 74th Amendment Act mandates the formation of a State Election Commission

- [A] for conducting elections to State councils and elected bodies
- [B] for conducting elections to State Legislature
- [C] for conducting elections to municipalities
- [D] for conducting elections to State Legislature and Mayors

173. The first Municipal Corporation was set up in

- [A] Calcutta
- [B] Madras
- [C] Hyderabad
- [D] Bombay

174. The Preventive Detention Act has a restraining effect on which of the following Rights?

- [A] Right to Equality
- [B] Right to Religion
- [C] Right to Constitutional Remedies
- [D] Right to Freedom

175. Which of the following Rights was considered by B. R. Ambedkar as the heart and soul of the Constitution?

- [A] Right to Education
- [B] Right to Equality
- [C] Right to Freedom
- [D] Right to Constitutional Remedies

176. Which of the following is the main objective of Directive Principles of State Policy?

- [A] Establish moral and intellectual democracy
- [B] Establish political and ethical democracy
- [C] Establish social and economic democracy
- [D] Establish economic and administrative democracy

177. The minimum age to become the Vice President of India is

- [A] 21 years
- [B] 35 years
- [C] 36 years
- [D] 40 years

178. The President can nominate two members belonging to Anglo-Indian community to the

- [A] State Legislature
- [B] Legislative Council
- [C] House of the people
- [D] Inter-State Council

179. The Election Commission of India became a three-member body in

- [A] 2004
- [B] 1991
- [C] 2001
- [D] 1993



180. The authority to constitute a Finance Commission to review the financial position of Panchayats rested with the

- [A] President
- [B] Minister of Panchayat
- [C] Governor
- [D] Chief Minister

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24



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1. Under Fundamental Rule 9, the term 'duty' means

- [A] any period when a Government servant is working in office only
- [B] the time during which a Government servant is employed in work of his post or is at the disposal of Government
- [C] the period of leave sanctioned by competent authority
- [D] the time a Government servant is under suspension

2. The term 'leave salary' as per FR 9 means

- [A] the salary a Government servant receives when on extraordinary leave
- [B] the amount paid to a Government servant while on leave
- [C] the pay minus allowances
- [D] None of the above

3. Which of the following is **not** defined in FR 9?

- [A] Duty
- [B] Pay
- [C] Dearness Allowance
- [D] Lien



4. The term 'probationer' under FR 9 refers to

- [A] an employee on deputation
- [B] a Government servant appointed on trial before confirmation
- [C] a temporary employee
- [D] a permanent employee

5. The medical fitness certificate of a candidate for appointment is issued by

- [A] the appointing authority
- [B] a private medical practitioner
- [C] the authorized Government Medical Officer or Medical Board
- [D] the head of an office

6. Medical fitness certification ensures

- [A] that the candidate is of good moral character
- [B] that the candidate's age is verified
- [C] that the candidate is physically fit to discharge the duties of the post
- [D] that the candidate is a permanent resident

7. Under Fundamental Rule 9(13), lien means

- [A] the right of a Government servant to hold a post permanently
- [B] the right to claim salary of a higher post
- [C] the right to transfer to another department
- [D] the right to go on leave

8. A Government servant retains a lien

- [A] on any post he ever held
- [B] only on the post held substantively in a permanent capacity
- [C] on the temporary post he is working on
- [D] None of the above

9. Unauthorized absence from duty without permission is treated as
- [A] leave without pay
 - [B] break in service
 - [C] misconduct under Conduct Rules
 - [D] All of the above
10. When a Government servant is promoted to a higher post, his pay is fixed under
- [A] FR 21
 - [B] FR 22(I)(a)(1)
 - [C] FR 26
 - [D] FR 35
11. Under FR 23, the pay of a Government servant is not reduced, **except**
- [A] with his consent
 - [B] by disciplinary authority as a penalty
 - [C] by mistake of fixation
 - [D] All of the above
12. Under FR 26, an increment shall ordinarily be drawn as a matter of course unless
- [A] there is a break in service
 - [B] the increment is withheld as a punishment
 - [C] the employee is on EOL without MC
 - [D] All of the above
13. The normal date of annual increment for all Central Government employees is
- [A] 1st January only
 - [B] 1st July only
 - [C] 1st January or 1st July, depending on appointment
 - [D] last day of the financial year
14. Advance increments are granted
- [A] to all employees automatically
 - [B] to employees who perform additional duties or possess higher qualifications
 - [C] to only Class IV employees
 - [D] on transfer to another department
15. Advance increments granted for acquiring a higher qualification are
- [A] personal to the employee
 - [B] not absorbed in pay on promotion
 - [C] may be withdrawn if qualification is no longer relevant
 - [D] All of the above
16. Reduction to a lower stage in time-scale can
- [A] be permanent
 - [B] be for a specified period with or without cumulative effect
 - [C] subject to future good conduct
 - [D] All of the above

17. Honorarium is granted to a Government servant for

- [A] routine office work
- [B] services rendered outside normal duties or special work
- [C] compulsory overtime work
- [D] None of the above

18. Special pay or personal pay is considered a part of

- [A] allowance only
- [B] pay, as defined in FR 9(21)(a)
- [C] Dearness Allowance
- [D] None of the above

19. An employee granted honorarium cannot claim it as a matter of right because

- [A] it is discretionary and subject to prior sanction
- [B] it depends on seniority
- [C] it is automatically credited
- [D] it is linked to overtime

20. Combination of appointments under FR 49 applies when a Government servant

- [A] holds one post permanently
- [B] is on deputation to another post
- [C] perform duties of another post in addition to his own post
- [D] is on leave or suspension

21. When a Government servant holds charge of another post of higher responsibility, he is entitled to

- [A] full pay of both posts
- [B] pay of the higher post or 10% of basic pay (whichever is less)
- [C] additional pay not exceeding 10% of the presumptive pay of the higher post
- [D] no additional pay

22. Deputation of a Government servant means

- [A] temporary transfer to a post under another Government or body while retaining lien on parent post
- [B] permanent transfer to another department
- [C] assignment of additional duties in the same office
- [D] grant of leave for foreign study

23. Deputation abroad means

- [A] working in another Government department in India
- [B] appointment under a foreign Government or international organization
- [C] training in India
- [D] posting on trial basis

24. The period of deputation is normally limited to

- [A] 1 year
- [B] 3 years
- [C] 5 years
- [D] 10 years

25. The pay and allowances of a Government servant under suspension are regulated by

- [A] FR 22
- [B] FR 53
- [C] FR 49
- [D] FR 35

26. During suspension, a Government servant is initially entitled to

- [A] full pay and allowances
- [B] 50% of pay as subsistence allowance plus admissible allowances
- [C] no pay at all
- [D] only leave salary

27. If the delay in disciplinary proceedings is caused by the Government servant, then the subsistence allowance may be reduced to

- [A] 25%
- [B] 50%
- [C] 30%
- [D] 10%

28. Dismissal or removal from service results in

- [A] temporary suspension of duties
- [B] termination of service and loss of lien
- [C] reduction of pay only
- [D] suspension without pay

29. When reinstated with partial exoneration, the employee is entitled to

- [A] full pay for suspension period
- [B] only part of pay as determined by competent authority
- [C] no pay
- [D] full DA and allowances

30. If an employee under suspension is reinstated but not exonerated, then the suspension period counts for

- [A] pension only
- [B] no purpose unless specifically ordered
- [C] increment automatically
- [D] half pay leave

31. When suspension is declared unjustified, the period is treated as

- [A] leave without pay
- [B] duty for all purposes
- [C] suspension not counting for increment
- [D] dies non

32. Period of 'dies non' due to unauthorized absence counts for

- [A] pay only
- [B] pension and leave
- [C] no service benefit
- [D] only increment

33. The normal age of superannuation for most Central Government employees is

- [A] 55 years
- [B] 58 years
- [C] 60 years
- [D] 62 years

34. Compulsory retirement imposed as a penalty (under CCS CCA Rules) is governed by

- [A] FR 56(j)
- [B] Rule 11(vii) of CCS (CCA) Rules
- [C] Rule 48 of Pension Rules
- [D] FR 56(k)

35. Voluntary retirement under FR 56(k) can be opted

- [A] after completing 30 years of service
- [B] after attaining 50 years of age (Group A/B) or 55 years (Group C/D)
- [C] only with Government approval
- [D] at any time with 3 months' notice

36. What is the notice period required by the Government to compulsorily retire an employee under FR 56(j)?

- [A] 1 month
- [B] 2 months
- [C] 3 months
- [D] 6 months

37. Who conducts the medical examination for Government service appointments?

- [A] Any registered medical practitioner
- [B] An authorized Government Medical Officer or Medical Board
- [C] A doctor chosen by the candidate
- [D] The appointing authority itself

38. The form and standard of the medical certificate are prescribed in

- [A] Appendix 1 to FR & SR
- [B] Appendix 3 to FR & SR Part I
- [C] CCS (Medical Attendance) Rules
- [D] CCS (Leave) Rules

39. The medical certificate should be issued

- [A] on a plain paper
- [B] on a prescribed form with official seal and signature of medical authority
- [C] by the appointing authority
- [D] by the administrative head of department

40. Under the Supplementary Rules, the term 'fees' generally refers to the

- [A] salary of the employee
- [B] payment received for a service rendered or official duty performed
- [C] fine imposed for misconduct
- [D] reimbursement of travel expenses

41. Fees payable for services rendered are regulated by

- [A] Government orders and departmental rules
- [B] employee discretion
- [C] local Panchayat regulations
- [D] private agreement

42. The Service Book of a Government servant is maintained

- [A] by the employee personally
- [B] by the appointing authority
- [C] by the Treasury
- [D] by the Finance Ministry

43. Which rule requires pay fixation, increment and allowances to be entered in the Service Book?

- [A] SR 5
- [B] SR 28
- [C] GFR 12
- [D] SR 10

44. According to GFR and SR, any loss or overpayment related to pay, allowances or advances must be

- [A] ignored after 6 months
- [B] recorded in the Service Book and recovered
- [C] not recorded
- [D] recorded only in personal files



45. In case of suspension, dismissal, or penalty, the Service Book must include

- [A] only pay-related entries
- [B] details of penalty, orders and dates
- [C] only the nature of penalty, no date
- [D] Nothing; disciplinary files are separate

46. On retirement, the Service Book must include

- [A] only the last pay drawn
- [B] complete service record, leave, pay, pension calculation and gratuity
- [C] only leave records
- [D] only disciplinary records

47. The payment of Hindi incentive is based on

- [A] employee's years of service only
- [B] competency in official Hindi and verification by competent authority
- [C] recommendation by colleagues
- [D] optional declaration by the employee

48. Advertised tender enquiry should be used for procurement of goods of estimated value

- [A] ₹ 10 lakhs and above
- [B] ₹ 15 lakhs and above
- [C] ₹ 20 lakhs and above
- [D] ₹ 25 lakhs and above

49. Incentive for serving in remote or difficult areas is granted to

- [A] all Government servants automatically
- [B] employees posted in remote, hilly, or tribal areas as notified by the Government
- [C] only employees in headquarters
- [D] voluntary retirees

50. An advance payment to a private firm should **not** exceed

- [A] 10% of the contract value
- [B] 30% of the contract value
- [C] 25% of the contract value
- [D] 50% of the contract value

51. Under the incentive scheme for sportspersons in the Central Government, the maximum number of 'advance increments' (in the form of personal pay) that can be granted in a sportsperson's career is

- [A] 2
- [B] 3
- [C] 4
- [D] 5



52. Which of the following statements is **correct** regarding eligibility for recruitment/appointment under sports quota for meritorious sportspersons?

- [A] Only sportspersons representing the country in an international competition are eligible
- [B] Medal winners in Junior National Championships or certain Youth Games are also eligible
- [C] The scheme applies only to the Union Government and not to State Governments
- [D] There are no provisions for relaxation in age limit for sportspersons appointments

53. Which of the following concessions is specifically mentioned for sportspersons/coaches working in Government departments (e.g., in the Postal Department) regarding practice?

- [A] Paid leave for 10 days for each tournament
- [B] Two hours off per day for practice each year
- [C] Free travel for tournaments abroad
- [D] Automatic promotion after national event

54. Commuted leave is debited to the leave account at what rate?
- [A] Half the period of leave taken
 - [B] Full period
 - [C] Double the period of leave taken
 - [D] No debit is made
55. Study leave can be granted for a maximum period of
- [A] 1 year
 - [B] 2 years
 - [C] 3 years
 - [D] 4 years
56. Joining time is granted to a Government servant to enable him to
- [A] spend time with family before joining duty
 - [B] join a new post to which he is transferred
 - [C] prepare for examination
 - [D] take rest between two assignments
57. The general rule regarding joining time is laid down in
- [A] FR 9(6)
 - [B] SR 105 to SR 116
 - [C] FR 22
 - [D] SR 120

58. Sundays or holidays falling during joining time are
- [A] not counted as a part of joining time
 - [B] counted as a part of joining time
 - [C] compensated later
 - [D] ignored altogether
59. The general principles relating to TA are contained in
- [A] FR 9(6)
 - [B] SR 131 to SR 147
 - [C] GFR 2005
 - [D] CCS (Leave) Rules
60. Travelling Allowance includes which of the following components?
- [A] Daily Allowance
 - [B] Mileage Allowance
 - [C] Actual Travelling Expenses
 - [D] All of the above
61. The 'doctrine of pleasure' as mentioned in Article 310 means
- [A] the Government servant can resign at any time
 - [B] the President or Governor can dismiss a civil servant at their discretion
 - [C] the tenure of civil servants is fixed
 - [D] the Parliament can remove any officer



62. Under Article 311(2), no civil servant shall be dismissed or removed unless
- [A] given a reasonable opportunity of being heard
 - [B] given a promotion first
 - [C] the President/Governor approves personally
 - [D] a judicial inquiry is conducted
63. The 'pleasure doctrine' under Article 310 is subject to which Article?
- [A] Article 312
 - [B] Article 311
 - [C] Article 320
 - [D] Article 309
64. The Appointing Authority for a Government servant is
- [A] always the President
 - [B] the authority empowered to make appointments to the post
 - [C] the immediate superior officer
 - [D] the Head of the Department only
65. The authority competent to impose penalties under CCA Rules is
- [A] only the Appointing Authority
 - [B] any authority subordinate to the Appointing Authority
 - [C] the Appointing Authority or any authority specified in the Schedule
 - [D] the UPSC

66. The provision relating to the suspension of a Government servant is contained in which rule of the CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965?
- [A] Rule 10
 - [B] Rule 11
 - [C] Rule 12
 - [D] Rule 14
67. A Government servant shall be deemed to have been placed under suspension if he
- [A] goes on leave without permission
 - [B] is detained in custody for more than 48 hours
 - [C] refuses transfer order
 - [D] is absent without intimation
68. The penalties that may be imposed on a Government servant are listed under which rule of the CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965?
- [A] Rule 10
 - [B] Rule 11
 - [C] Rule 12
 - [D] Rule 14
69. Censure is
- [A] a major penalty
 - [B] a minor penalty
 - [C] not a penalty
 - [D] a judicial punishment



70. The first step in a major penalty proceeding is

- [A] inquiry by Inquiry Officer
- [B] framing and issue of chargesheet
- [C] personal hearing by Disciplinary Authority
- [D] suspension of employee

71. The Government servant is required to submit a written statement of defence within

- [A] 7 days
- [B] 10 days
- [C] 15 days (extendable)
- [D] 30 days (non-extendable)

72. The Inquiry Report must contain

- [A] recommendations on penalty
- [B] findings on each Article of Charge
- [C] only summary of evidence
- [D] personal opinion

73. The first step in a minor penalty proceeding is the

- [A] suspension of the Government servant
- [B] framing of chargesheet
- [C] issue of memorandum stating charges and calling for written representation
- [D] appointment of Inquiry Officer

74. The special procedure under Rule 19 allows the Disciplinary Authority to impose penalties without holding a regular inquiry

- [A] in all cases
- [B] in specified exceptional cases
- [C] only for minor penalties
- [D] only for IAS officers



75. Rule 19 of the CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965, deals with

- [A] minor penalties
- [B] major penalties
- [C] special procedure in certain cases
- [D] appeal procedure

76. The provisions relating to borrowed and lent officers are contained in which rule of the CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965?

- [A] Rule 14
- [B] Rule 16
- [C] Rule 19
- [D] Rule 20

77. When a Government servant serving under a borrowing authority commits misconduct, the initial disciplinary action may be taken by

- [A] only the lending authority
- [B] only the borrowing authority
- [C] either borrowing or lending authority as per Rule 20(1)
- [D] only the President

78. The right of appeal is governed by which rule of the CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965?

- [A] Rule 11
- [B] Rule 16
- [C] Rule 23
- [D] Rule 20



79. Revision means

- [A] fresh inquiry
- [B] re-examination of disciplinary order by a higher authority
- [C] appeal after appeal
- [D] judicial review

80. The General Financial Rules (GFR), 2017 came into effect from

- [A] 1st January, 2016
- [B] 1st March, 2017
- [C] 1st April, 2017
- [D] 1st July, 2017

81. Expenditure from public funds should **not** be incurred without the sanction of

- [A] the Finance Minister
- [B] the competent authority
- [C] the Head of the Department
- [D] the Accountant General

82. Before making a payment, it must be ensured that

- [A] the claim is reasonable and within budget allotment
- [B] the amount is large enough to require audit
- [C] the payment is pre-approved by the Parliament
- [D] the claim is from the previous financial year

83. 'All claims should be presented with full supporting documents' is a principle related to

- [A] budget preparation
- [B] maintenance of cash book
- [C] payment of claims
- [D] revenue receipt

84. The term *defalcation* refers to

- [A] misuse of Government vehicles
- [B] loss of Government money due to fraud, embezzlement or misappropriation
- [C] delay in submission of bills
- [D] non-maintenance of records

85. When a loss is suspected to be due to theft, fraud or negligence, it should be reported to the

- [A] Local Police and the Head of the Department
- [B] Ministry of Finance only
- [C] Audit Office
- [D] Internal Committee only

86. The responsibility for the preparation of the annual budget of a Ministry/Department rests with

- [A] the Ministry of Finance
- [B] the Budget Division of that Ministry/Department
- [C] the Planning Commission
- [D] the CAG

87. Unspent balances of grants or appropriations at the end of a financial year

- [A] can be carried forward
- [B] lapse and cannot be used in the next year
- [C] must be deposited in Contingency Fund
- [D] must be adjusted by audit

88. The three parts of Government Accounts are

- [A] Consolidated Fund, Contingency Fund, Public Account
- [B] Revenue Account, Capital Account, Loan Account
- [C] Receipts, Payments, Balances
- [D] Income, Expenditure, Assets

89. No work shall be commenced or liability incurred until

- [A] administrative approval and financial sanction are obtained
- [B] funds are available
- [C] detailed estimates are technically sanctioned
- [D] All of the above

90. The rules relating to the procurement of goods and services are contained in which part of GFR 2017?

- [A] Rule 100-110
- [B] Rule 120-130
- [C] Rule 144-173
- [D] Rule 180-200

91. Procurement means

- [A] only purchase of goods
- [B] acquisition of goods, works or services through purchase or hire
- [C] manufacture of goods in Government factories
- [D] transfer of stores from one office to another

92. Inventory in Government context refers to

- [A] cash in hand
- [B] stock of consumable and non-consumable articles held for use
- [C] buildings and land
- [D] loans and advances



93. For stores of high value or sensitive nature, verification may be

- [A] biennial
- [B] half-yearly or quarterly
- [C] every five years
- [D] not required

94. A 'contract' becomes legally enforceable when

- [A] it is made orally
- [B] it is in writing and signed by both parties competent to contract
- [C] it is approved by the auditor
- [D] it is approved by the Parliament

95. Grant-in-Aid means

- [A] a refundable financial assistance
- [B] a non-recurring financial assistance from Government without repayment obligation
- [C] a commercial loan
- [D] advance against salary

96. Loans from Government are

- [A] non-refundable
- [B] refundable financial assistance carrying interest or specific repayment terms
- [C] grants in disguise
- [D] given only to individuals

97. External Aid is generally obtained in the form of

- [A] budgetary support only
- [B] grants, loans, or a mix of both from external agencies
- [C] donations from citizens
- [D] tax incentives

98. The main purpose of external aid is to

- [A] support development projects requiring foreign expertise or capital
- [B] meet revenue deficit
- [C] pay salaries
- [D] fund political campaigns

99. GeM stands for

- [A] Government e-Market
- [B] Government e-Marketplace
- [C] General Electronic Market
- [D] Government Exchange Module

100. Payments to sellers on GeM are made

- [A] through GeM-integrated online payment system linked with PFMS
- [B] through direct cash
- [C] through cheque only
- [D] manually



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK





SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



LDCE/SO/EXAM. 2025/132-**a**

16



DDD25/13(270)—





FINAL ANSWER KEY

SO (LDCE)-2025

PAPER-I

(GENERAL ENGLISH, A.P. SECRETARIAT MANUAL OF OFFICE PROCEDURE DRAFTING & CONSTITUTION OF INDIA)

SET- A

Q NO.	ANS
1	C
2	B
3	D
4	C
5	C
6	D
7	B
8	B
9	C
10	A
11	A
12	D
13	A
14	C
15	B
16	D
17	B
18	C
19	B
20	A
21	A
22	D
23	B
24	A
25	B
26	B
27	C
28	B
29	D
30	B
31	A
32	C
33	B
34	D
35	A
36	C
37	A
38	D
39	B
40	B
41	A
42	B
43	B
44	D
45	B

Q NO.	ANS
46	A
47	B
48	C
49	B
50	C
51	A
52	B
53	B
54	B
55	C
56	B
57	B
58	A
59	A
60	D
61	A
62	C
63	A
64	B
65	A
66	B
67	A
68	B
69	D
70	A
71	D
72	A
73	A
74	B
75	A
76	D
77	A
78	C
79	B
80	C
81	B
82	B
83	D
84	A
85	B
86	A
87	D
88	A
89	C
90	B

Q NO.	ANS
91	B
92	D
93	A
94	B
95	A
96	C
97	A
98	D
99	A
100	D
101	C
102	B
103	B
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106	B
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110	C
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113	C
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123	C
124	B
125	C
126	B
127	A
128	C
129	B
130	C
131	B
132	B
133	B
134	B
135	B

Q NO.	ANS
136	A
137	B
138	B
139	B
140	A
141	D
142	C
143	C
144	B
145	A
146	C
147	B
148	A
149	C
150	C
151	A
152	C
153	D
154	C
155	D
156	D
157	B
158	B
159	B
160	C
161	C
162	A
163	B
164	C
165	C
166	A
167	C
168	B
169	D
170	A
171	A
172	C
173	B
174	D
175	D
176	C
177	B
178	C
179	D
180	C



FINAL ANSWER KEY

SO (LDCE)-2025

PAPER-II

[FR & SR/ GFR/ CCS (CCA)]

SET- A

Q NO.	ANS
1	B
2	B
3	C
4	B
5	C
6	C
7	A
8	B
9	D
10	B
11	D
12	D
13	C
14	B
15	D
16	D
17	B
18	B
19	A
20	C
21	C
22	A
23	B
24	C
25	B

Q NO.	ANS
26	B
27	B
28	B
29	B
30	B
31	B
32	C
33	C
34	B
35	B
36	C
37	B
38	B
39	B
40	B
41	A
42	B
43	B
44	B
45	B
46	B
47	B
48	D
49	B
50	B

Q NO.	ANS
51	D
52	B
53	B
54	C
55	B
56	B
57	B
58	B
59	B
60	D
61	B
62	A
63	B
64	B
65	C
66	A
67	B
68	B
69	B
70	B
71	C
72	B
73	C
74	B
75	C

Q NO.	ANS
76	D
77	C
78	C
79	B
80	*
81	B
82	A
83	C
84	B
85	A
86	B
87	B
88	A
89	D
90	C
91	B
92	B
93	B
94	B
95	B
96	B
97	B
98	A
99	B
100	A

* Grace marks to be given to all the candidates.

P. Pongtany
Secretary
Arunachal Pradesh
Public Service Commissioner
Itanagar